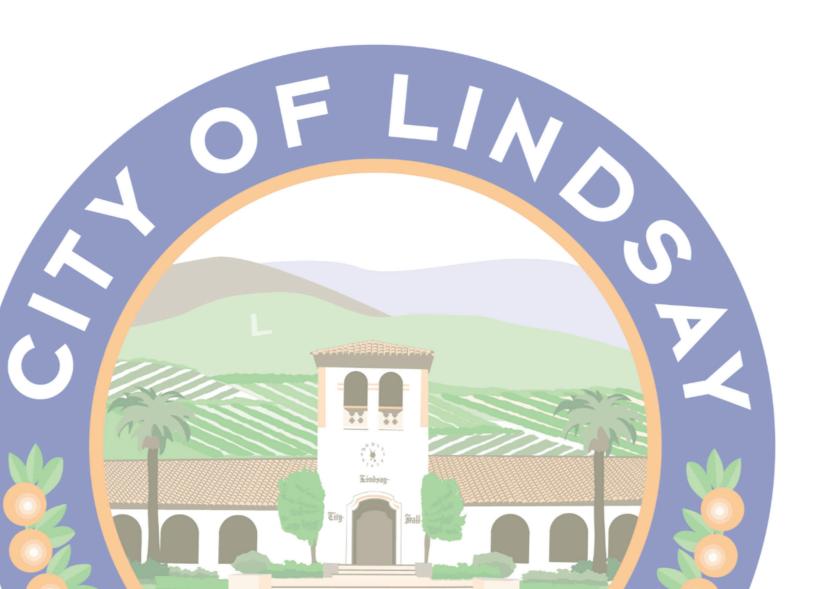
Basic Financial Statements

Fiscal Year 2020-2021



City of Lindsay Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

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April 25, 2022

Honorable Mayor Caudillo and City Council Members City of Lindsay, California

The annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Lindsay (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2021, is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 3.15 of the City Charter and California state law. The ordinance requires the City issue a report on its financial position and activity annually. An independent firm of certified public accountants must audit this report annually. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue this annual financial report of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City employs a comprehensive internal control framework to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls provides reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance the financial statements are free from material misstatement. We assert, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Badawi & Associates, a licensed certified public accountant firm. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor found the City's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 to present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The City of Lindsay did not have any major federal projects or programs that met the \$750,000 threshold to require a separate Single Audit report per the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); therefore, the City is exempt from that reporting requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Audit findings previously denoted in that report will be included as a supplementary section, entitled Summary Schedule of Findings and Responses, that can be found at the end of this report.

Management has provided a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Lindsay incorporated in 1910, as a general law city of the State of California, and reclassified to a Charter City January 8, 1996, filed with the State of California in April 1996. Lindsay is in the middle of the state in the Central San Joaquin Valley. The Central Valley is a national and world leader in the agricultural industry, with dairy, citrus and deciduous crops the primary commodity around the Lindsay area. The City of Lindsay currently occupies an incorporated area of 2.41 square miles with an urban development boundary of 3.9 square miles and serves a population of 13,463 (2019) an increase of 13.1% since 2010.

The City of Lindsay operates under the council-manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and four other members. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with two council members elected in one election and three elected in another election, separated by two years.

The mayor is selected from among the council members, by the council members, and serves a two-year term. All five council members of the governing board are elected at large. The council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, representing the City on other governmental committees, and hiring the City's manager and attorney. The city manager is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

The City of Lindsay provides a full range of services, including general administration, human resources, treasury, finance, and accounting; risk management; police and fire protection, animal control, and code enforcement; the construction, maintenance, and cleaning of streets and other infrastructure; planning, zoning, building inspection, and development services; and community services including city parks, a skate park, and adult and youth recreational activities. The Wellness & Aquatic Center, water, sewer, and wastewater treatment and collection, and solid waste disposal services are provided through enterprise funds; disposal and recycling services are contracted with Mid Valley Disposal. Transit services are contracted with the Tulare County Transit Authority, the City maintains the bus stop shelters. It also administers and/or oversees grant programs and Curb & Gutter.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this document could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department and staff members in the City Services department. I also express appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible, thoughtful manner. A special thank you to Badawi & Associates for their professional, exceptional work.

Respectfully,

Juana Espinoza, Director of Finance



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Lindsay Lindsay, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lindsay, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Lindsay Lindsay, California Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Regarding Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the City will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the City has a significant deficit fund balance in its General Fund due to significant amounts owed to other funds including the City's enterprise funds. The a significant portion of the City's enterprise funds' unrestricted net position consists of these receivables, and hence if not repaid would either create deficits or significantly reduce unrestricted net position of each funds. These condition raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters are described in Note 15. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension information, other postemployment benefit information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 5-17 and 90-95 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, General Fund combining schedules, and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 100-107, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Lindsay Lindsay, California Page 3

The General Fund combining schedules and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 100-107 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund combining schedules and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 100-107 are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 27, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Badawi and Associates, CPAs Berkeley, California

June 27, 2022

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As management of the City of Lindsay (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information in the Transmittal Letter and Management's Discussion & Analysis as they review the financial statements. The narratives give valuable context and insightful analysis. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars (\$000's). Unless noted otherwise, fiscal year refers to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

BACKGROUND

The context of Lindsay's current financial condition began in the mid-2000's when the City enjoyed a seemingly endless flow of grant awards. The grants were for housing, community development, economic development, and freeze relief. Management worked to execute their grand, innovative plans to enrich and expand the quality of life in the community while the economy was favorable, and the City had ample available grant money.

The City provided hundreds of grant-funded home loans at the peak of the housing boom, built low-to-moderate housing subdivisions, created the McDermont Field House (an 185,000 square foot athletic and entertainment center) out of an old packing plant, built the Wellness & Aquatic Center, and renovated its downtown.

Unfortunately, the growth did not last. The housing bubble burst, the State took away redevelopment funding, and grant money stopped dwindled. The City could not maintain what it had built, let alone sustain ongoing growth. Within a few short years, Lindsay came to an economic standstill without the money it needed to complete or maintain what it had started. Compounding the situation were turnover in administration, reduction in staffing, combining of departments, shrinking revenues, escalating costs, and a series of audits by funding agencies. The City was not able to maintain its general operations or operations at McDermont or the Wellness & Aquatic Center.

In February 2017, City Council declared a fiscal emergency, placed a successful 1% transactions and use tax measure on the June 2017 special election ballot, and initiated a recovery plan. The City has been taking proactive and meaningful steps to turn the City around. One step was to outsource the management and operations of McDermont Field House which dramatically reduced staffing levels on January 1, 2018. Another was to adopt ordinances allowing the retail selling and wholesale cultivation of cannabis. These new revenue initiatives and cost cutting measures put the city on a sustainable recovery path, which unfortunately is being dampened by the fallout of the coronavirus pandemic.

The City still faces significant challenges including escalating CalPERS pension costs, lack of reserves in the City's general fund (for contingencies), and the utility funds for future capital improvement needs. These factors led the California State Auditor's Office to classify the City of Lindsay in its top 10 list of cities at high financial risk. The City has since negotiated favorable agreements to repay misapplied grant and subvention funds, and implemented and enhanced its internal controls.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FUNCTIONALITY

This discussion and analyses are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include:

Government-wide financial statements high-level view
 Fund financial statements summary view
 Notes to the financial statements detailed view

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide the broadest view of the City's financial condition.

The **statement of net position** presents information for the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position at a specific point in time. The reader can think of the statement of net position as a snapshot of the City on the last day of the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. The reader may think of the statement of activities as the report that shows what happened between last year's statement of net position (a snapshot in time) and this year's statement of net position (another snapshot in time). The statement of activities shows changes in net position based on when events (a revenue or an expenditure) happened rather than reporting based solely on when the related cash transaction finishes. Sometimes the related cash transaction happens and is recorded at the same time as the revenue or expenditure, yet other times it happens afterward. Consequently, revenues and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned-but-unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions supported in full or in part by cost recoveries known as user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general administration, public safety, parks and recreation, public works, streets, transportation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, and refuse services, as well as the Lindsay Wellness & Aquatic Center. The Wellness & Aquatic Center provides feebased entertainment, facility rental, and recreational events and activities for the community and other Central Valley residents.

The government-wide financial statements have changed substantially from previous years due to the dissolution of the Lindsay Redevelopment Agency (LRA); all financial information relevant to the former LRA is now accounted for, as an integral part of these financial statements, in the Private-Purpose Trust Fund, a fiduciary fund established to manage the assets and debt of the former agency. The Water, Sewer, Refuse, Wellness Center function for all practical purposes as departments of the City, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government. The General Fund will absorb the McDermont Fund now that the City does not operate it.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over specific resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City's funds can be divided into three categories:

- Governmental funds,
- Proprietary funds, and
- Fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Community Development, and Local Transportation Funds, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one proprietary fund type called Enterprise Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Sewer, Refuse, and Wellness Center Funds. The City absorbed the McDermont Fund previously reported as a separated enterprise fund into the General Fund because the City has contracted out its operations to a private entity.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Please see the table of contents for page numbers.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found by referring to the index of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 by \$53.283 million (*net position*). Of this amount, \$ (11.515 million) is unrestricted, \$7.790 is restricted for specific purposes, and \$57.008 million is the net investment in capital assets.

- Compared to FY 2020, the City's total net position increased \$1.631 million, or 3%, during FY 2021.
- During the fiscal year, the city reached a substantive settlement agreements in the amount of \$3.791 million with a grantor agencies (California Housing and Community Development), which affords the city a manageable repayment schedule over time of certain previously demanded lump sum repayment amounts. See Note 6A.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position over time. Net Position provides a snapshot in time at the end of the fiscal year. Monitoring net position over time gives an indication of the general health of the City. In FY 2021, the City's net position increased from \$51.652 million to \$53.283 million, indicating a stronger financial position. It is important to recognize that much of the net position is based on net investment in capital assets, which are not liquid (or easily converted to cash).

Of the City's net position, the net investment in capital assets of \$57.008 million represents its investment in capital assets (e.g., land buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net position balance of \$53.282 million is composed of \$7.790 million restricted funds and (\$11.515) million unrestricted funds. Net position may be restricted for capital projects, debt service payments, public right of way and other external commitments.

The schedule below is a condensed version of the City's statement of net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 with comparative data from the previous fiscal year.

City of Lindsay's Net Position (amount expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Вι	Business-Type Activities				Total			
				2020		2020						2020	
		2021	(as	restated)		2021	(as restated)		2021		(as restated)		
ASSETS													
Current and other assets	\$	5,573	\$	3,035	\$	6,575	\$	6,090	\$	12,148	\$	9,125	
Capital assets		44,777		46,216		25,794		26,570		70,571		72,786	
Total assets		50,350		49,251		32,369		32,660		82,719		81,911	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE		1,758		1,967		505		370		2,263		2,337	
LIABILITIES													
Current liabilities		844		1,690		773		752		1,617		2,442	
Noncurrent liabilities		16,166		16,174		13,427		13,442		29,593		29,616	
Total liabilities		17,010		17,864		14,200		14,194		31,210		32,058	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		375		449		114		89		489		538	
NET POSITION													
Net investment in capital assets		42,113		43,060		14,895		15,384		57,008		58,444	
Restricted		7,790		16,233				-		7,790		16,233	
Unrestricted		(15,180)		(26,388)		3,665		3,363		(11,515)		(23,025)	
Total net position	\$	34,723	\$	32,905	\$	18,560	\$	18,747	\$	53,283	\$	51,652	

The next table (City of Lindsay's Change in Net Position) provides a condensed statement of changes in net position with comparative amounts on revenues and expenses for the current and prior year.

City of Lindsay's Change in Net Position (amount expressed in thousands)

	G	overnment	tal A	ctivities	Вι	ısiness-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total		
		2021		2020		2021		2020	2021	2021 2020	
PROGRAM REVENUES											
Charges for Services	\$	316	\$	337	\$	4,588	\$	4,541	\$ 4,904	\$	4,878
Operating grants and contributions		731		867		-		-	731		867
Capital grants and contributions		2,411		2,633		-		-	2,411		2,633
GENERAL REVENUES		40.6		2.62					10.6		2.62
Property taxes		486		363		-		-	486		363
Other taxes		5,740		4,773		-		-	5,740		4,773
Miscellaneous		215		440		289		308	504		748
Transfers		(244)		17,342		244		(17,342)	-		-
Special items		-		(4,551)		-		-	-		(4,551)
TOTAL REVENUES		9,655	_	22,204	_	5,121	_	(12,493)	14,776		9,711
ENDEN IGEG											
EXPENSES		2 004		4.045					2 004		106
General government		2,084		1,367		-		-	2,084		1,367
Public safety		3,328		3,255		-		-	3,328		3,255
Parks and recreation		197		706		-		-	197		706
Public works		679		1,355		-		-	679		1,355
Streets and transportation		619		573		-		-	619		573
Community development		783		246		-		-	783		246
Interest on long-term debt		147		161		-			147		161
Water Fund				-		1,867		1,908	1,867		1,908
Sewer Fund				-		1,394		1,297	1,394		1,297
Refuse Fund				-		1,037		1,006	1,037		1,006
Wellness Center Fund				-		1,010		875	1,010		875
TOTAL EXPENSE		7,837		7,663		5,308		5,086	 13,145		12,749
NIET DON'TERON											
NET POSITION		1.010		1 4 5 41		(105)		(17.550)	1 (01		(2.020)
Change in Net Position		1,818		14,541		(187)		(17,579)	1,631		(3,038)
Net Position - beginning		50,036		30,985		14,435		32,014	64,471		62,999
Prior period adjustments		(17,131)		4,510		4,312			(12,819)		4,510
Net Position - ending	\$	34,723	\$	50,036	\$	18,560	\$	14,435	\$ 53,283	\$	64,471

Governmental activities. The City's governmental activities rely on several sources of revenue to finance ongoing operations. The most significant are (1) Other Taxes, which includes sales/transactions & use taxes, and (2) Capital Grants and Contributions, which are monies received from parties outside the City and are generally restricted for use in capital activities such as streets improvements and transportation related activities.

The City's governmental activities net position decreased by \$15.313 million to \$34.723 million as of June 30, 2021. The decrease is largely due to an adjustment made for prior period activity, details discussed further in Note 12.

Business-type activities. The net position of the city's business-type activities amounted to \$18.560 million as of June 30, 2021, an increase of \$4.125 million from prior fiscal year. The change in net position is primarily due an adjustment made for prior period activity, details discussed further in Note12.

CITY'S FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

General Fund

Property taxes

Revenues

General Fund

The General Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the city and include several roll-up funds. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, overall on-going general fund revenue came in higher than prior year. The major general fund revenues realized in the fiscal year including property tax, sales tax, utility user tax, and other taxes were higher than previous year. Taxes make up about 85% of total governmental activities revenues. Total tax revenue was \$6.158 million for the fiscal year, an increase of \$214 thousand over last year. Additional tax revenue is anticipated in the next fiscal year mainly from the new cannabis retail outlet in the city.

Total governmental expenditures for the fiscal year amounted to \$5.637 million, a decrease of \$1.435 million or 20% from the prior year. These were savings primarily capital projects delayed due to the ongoing coronavirus pandemic.

d June	Other taxes	5,672	5,581	91	2%
fund	Licenses and permits	263	254	9	4%
	Intergovernmental	369	213	156	73%
r. The	Charges for services	6	9	(3)	-33%
in the	Fees and fines	175	190	(15)	-8%
es tax,	Interest revenue	5	25	(20)	-80%
higher	Other revenues	197	394	(197)	-50%
ıt 85%	Total Revenues	7,173	7,029	144	2%
enues.					
or the	Expenditures				
d over	Current				
	General government	1,047	773	274	35%
	Public safety	2,978	2,841	137	5%
y from	Parks and recreation	161	167	(6)	-4%
у.	Public works	586	508	78	15%
	Streets and transportation	307	190	117	62%
or the	Community development	78	108	(30)	-28%
ion, a	Debt Service				
m the	Principal	278	309	(31)	-10%
marily	Interest and administrative charge	105	116	(11)	-9%
,	Capital Outlay	97	2,060	(1,963)	-95%
ngoing	Total Expenditures	5,637	7,072	(1,435)	-20%
	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,536	(43)	1,579	-3672%

FY 2021

486

FY 2020 \$ Change % Change

363

123

34%

20/

The Capital outlay for the fiscal year totaled about \$97 thousand and includes planning and design for future capital projects for streets asphalt rehabilitation and overlay, and rubber cape seal on city streets and arterial ways.

Proprietary funds.

The City outsourced the management of McDermont Sports Complex previously reported as an enterprise fund activity of the city. The McDermont Fund assets and liabilities has now been rolled into the General Fund. The General Fund absorbed the responsibility of paying the debt service on the building and providing structural building maintenance as a landlord.

Water

The Water fund continues to struggle financially. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Water fund ended with an operating loss of \$233 thousand including the depreciation and amortization charge of \$299 thousand. Staff has initiated a review of the water enterprise finances including service fees/rates set up. The results and necessary recommendations to improve the financial outlook of the water enterprise will be presented to the city council in fiscal year 2022.

Water	FY 2021	FY 2020 \$ Change % Change					
Operating Revenues							
Service Fees	1,583	1,701	(118)	-7 %			
Other revenues	-	(1)	1	-100%			
Total Operating Revenues	1,583	1,701	(118)	<i>-</i> 7%			
Operating Expenses							
Current							
Salaries	298	312	(14)	-4%			
Benefits	319	391	(72)	-18%			
Materials, services, and supplies	900	850	50	6%			
Depreciation and amortization	299	297	2	1%			
Total Operating Expenses	1,816	1,850	(34)	-2%			
Operating Income (Loss)	(233)	(150)	(84)	56%			

Sewer

The Sewer Fund ended the fiscal year with an operating profit of \$353 thousand. Expenses outpaced revenues for the year, resulting in a slight decrease in operating income compared to the prior year.

Sewer	FY 2021	FY 2020 \$	Change %	Change
Operating Revenues				
Service Fees	1,581	1,533	48	3%
Other revenues	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Revenues	1,581	1,533	48	3%
Operating Expenses				
Current				
Salaries	186	149	37	25%
Benefits	170	126	44	35%
Materials, services, and supplies	466	447	19	4%
Depreciation and amortization	406	404	2	0%
Total Operating Expenses	1,228	1,126	102	9%
Operating Income (Loss)	353	407	(54)	-13%

Refuse

The Refuse service fee revenue totaled \$1.124 million, an increase of 9% over last year. Expenses for the year remained relatively stable compared to last year, totaling \$1.037 million, about a 3% increase over last year. These increases were because of the approved inflation adjustment to the rates and contract service costs during the fiscal year.

Refuse	FY 2021	FY 2020 \$	Change %	Change
Operating Revenues				
Service Fees	1,120	1,025	95	9%
Other revenues	4	2	2	100%
Total Operating Revenues	1,124	1,027	97	9%
Operating Expenses				
Current				
Salaries	42	33	9	27%
Benefits	36	53	(17)	-32%
Materials, services, and supplies	959	920	39	4%
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	1,037	1,006	31	3%
Operating Income (Loss)	87	21	66	314%

Wellness & Aquatic Center

The Wellness & Aquatic Center generated revenues of \$300 thousand for the fiscal year. Expenses including depreciation and amortization for the year totaled \$929 thousand, an increase of 18% over last year. The resulting operating loss in covered with intergovernmental grants and contributions. The Lindsay Hospital District makes an annual contribution of \$233 and the City transfers funds to cover the Center's operating loss. In FY 2021, the City and Lindsay Hospital District signed a new funding agreement to ensure ongoing operations at the Center.

Wellness & Aquatic Center	FY 2021	FY 2020 \$	Change %	Change
Operating Revenues				
Service Fees	300	280	20	7%
Other revenues	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Revenues	300	280	20	7%
Operating Expenses				
Current				
Salaries	215	165	50	30%
Benefits	135	157	(22)	- 14%
Materials, services, and supplies	385	271	114	42%
Depreciation and amortization	194	197	(3)	-2%
Total Operating Expenses	929	790	139	18%
Operating Income (Loss)	(629)	(510)	(119)	23%

McDermont Sports Complex Fund

Related activities are reported in the General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$70.571 million (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to \$72.786 million in FY 2020. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. Note 5 details capital assets.

LONG-TERM DEBT & LIABILITIES ADMINISTRATION

Long-term debt. The City's long-term debt includes capital leases, settlement liabilities, and compensated absences in addition to bonds and certificates of participation. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$18.557 million. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15% of its total assessed valuation for fiscal year 2020 per Tulare County Assessor. The City Charter Section 9.05A sets a 10% limitation. The current debt for the City complies with State and local statutes.

A summary of the City's long term debt for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is presented below:

	Balance				Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Trans fers	De le tions	June 30, 2021	One Year
Governmental Activities						
Bonds:						
2012 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 1,095,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (130,000)	\$ 965,000	\$ 140,000
Bond ksuance Discount	(19,142)			3,481	(15,661)	3,481
TotalBonds	1,075,858			(126,519)	949,339	143,481
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:						
Certificates of Participation (COP)						
2008 USDA RD Roads COP	885,454	-	-	(82,668)	802,786	86,182
2010 US DA RD Library COP	392,956	-	-	(20,714)	372,242	21,543
Finance Purchase Agreement - fire truck	604,375			(64,732)	539,643	67,560
Total Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:	1,882,785			(168,114)	1,714,671	175,285
TCTA settle ment lia bility	681,488	-	-	(52,422)	629,066	52,422
Caltrans settlement liability	299,171	-	-	(49,861)	249,310	-
HCD settle ment lia bility	3,790,786	-	-	(10,000)	3,780,786	89,360
Compensated Absences	216,053	222,918		(173,196)	265,775	88,592
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,946,141	\$ 222,918	\$ -	\$ (580,112)	\$ 7,588,947	\$ 549,140
	Balance				Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Trans fe rs	De le tions	June 30, 2021	One Year
Business-Type Activities						
Bonds:						
2012 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
Bond Issuance Discount						
TotalBonds						
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:						
Certificates of Participation (COP)						
2007 USDARD Wellness Center COP	\$ 1,937,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (49,033)	\$ 1,888,754	\$ 51,117
Revenue Bonds						
1993 CSCDA Refunding Bonds	-	-	-		-	-
1999 USDARD Waste Water Expansion	4,701,174	-	-	(170,682)	4,530,492	176,229
2000 USDARD Water Line Project	1,609,963	-	-	(57,590)	1,552,373	59,462
2004 USDARD Waste Water Project	366,113			(9,606)	356,507	10,026
Total Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:	8,615,037			(286,911)	8,328,126	296,834
Lindsay Olive Growers Pond Closure	2,570,981	-	-	-	2,570,981	-
Compensated Absences	52,719	74,305		(57,731)	69,293	23,097
TotalBusiness-Type Activities	\$ 11,238,737	\$ 74,305	\$ -	\$ (344,642)	\$ 10,968,400	\$ 319,931

Lindsay Olive Growers Pond Closure. The City is continuing to explore opportunities with other governments and entities for assistance in handling this pond closure costs.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City General Fund experienced some noteworthy variances from budget to actual in FY 2021, as identified below: See also Page 91 – Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

- 1. Overall, the general fund budget to actual results at year end shows a revenue over expenditure balance of \$1.712 million. Revenues came in higher than budget by about \$1.935 million while expenditures totaled \$5.461 million and about \$265 thousand over budget. See Page 91 Budgetary Comparison schedule.
- 2. Sales tax, utility tax, other taxes, fees/fines, and licenses/permits all came in higher than budgeted. Property tax increased by about \$123 thousand for the fiscal year.
- 3. On the expenditure side, the unfavorable variance of \$265 thousand realized was largely due to the increased insurance costs, professional services, and pension costs.

The schedule below provides reconciliation of the City's General Fund reported on the financial statements:

				Public					Total
		General	Saf	fety Asset				Capital	General
	Fund		F	orfeiture	С	OVID-19	Projects		Fund
Total revenues	\$	7,172,858	\$	86	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,172,944
Total expenditures		5,460,683		-		127,444		49,136	5,637,263
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		1,712,175		86		(127,444)		(49,136)	1,535,681
Total other financing sources (uses)		(141,240)		-		-		-	(141,240)
Net change in fund balance		1,570,935		86		(127,444)		(49,136)	1,394,441
Beginning of year, restated		(3,815,873)		30,325		(75,834)			(3,861,382)
End of year	\$	(2,244,938)	\$	30,411	\$	(203,278)	\$	(49,136)	\$ (2,466,941)

ECONOMIC FACTORS & NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Economic Factors. The economic impact of the Covid pandemic has been a major concern over the past year. Economic projections indicate a depressed outlook over the short term followed by a robust recovery hinged on mass vaccinations that will enable return to normal economic activities. The impact on City of Lindsay has been mild as reflected in the relatively stable revenue receipts during the fiscal year. The city is still focused on meeting current demands, reversing negative fund balances, meeting debt service demands, and rebuilding infrastructure while managing budget constraints.

- Property tax, sales tax and Measure O tax are expected to remain stable. The new cannabis retail tax revenue continues to grow.
- The City will continue to pursue cost containment measures as appropriate, but will be looking to add critical positions and items that will enable the city sustain services to the community, and ensure compliance to standard operational practices and procedures.
- The city will continue to pursue business retention initiatives, and new economic development opportunities (new developments and businesses) that will create employment and generate property tax and sales tax revenues for the City.

Next Year's Budget.

- Revenues are performing better that budgeted for the City's general fund. The City fully expects to end the fiscal year 2022 budget year with a favorable general fund balance.
- The Water enterprise fund presents a challenge as revenues barely cover operating expenses leaving
 no provisions for unplanned maintenance and other necessary capital work to keep the system
 running safely and efficient. Staff is currently evaluating available options including rates adjustment
 for City Council review and consideration.
- The development of the FY 2023 budget is in process. The City looks to adopt a balanced budget that provides the requisite resources necessary to maintain service to the Lindsay community.

INFORMATION REQUESTS

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance, P.O. Box 369, City of Lindsay, CA 93247 (559) 562-7102.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Lindsay Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,552,597	\$ 1,425,517	\$ 9,978,114
Accounts receivable, net	494,434	539,733	1,034,167
Internal balances	(4,609,412)	4,609,412	-
Due from other governments	1,062,441	-	1,062,441
Notes receivable	72,724		72,724
Total current assets	5,572,784	6,574,662	12,147,446
Non-current assets:	-		
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable	2,934,112	492,044	3,426,156
Depreciable, net	41,842,539	25,302,221	67,144,760
Net capital assets	44,776,651	25,794,265	70,570,916
Total non-current assets	44,776,651	25,794,265	70,570,916
Total assets	50,349,435	32,368,927	82,718,362
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00,047,400	32,300,721	02,110,302
Deferred outflows from pensions	1 476 500	440 412	1.026.002
Deferred outflows from OPEB	1,476,590 281,206	449,413 55,854	1,926,003 337,060
Total deferred outflows of resources			
	1,757,796	505,267	2,263,063
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts and other payables	20,054	219,158	239,212
Accrued wages Accrued interest	228,711	68,301	297,012
Refundable deposits	44,795	154,348	199,143
Long-term debt - current portion	1,350	11,184	12,534
Total current liabilities	549,140	319,931	869,071
	844,050	772,922	1,616,972
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term debt	7,039,807	10,648,469	17,688,276
Total OPEB liability	1,656,347	504,743	2,161,090
Net pension liability	7,469,660	2,273,460	9,743,120
Total non-current liabilities	16,165,814	13,426,672	29,592,486
Total liabilities	17,009,864	14,199,594	31,209,458
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows from pensions	338,985	103,175	442,160
Deferred inflows from OPEB	36,385	11,109	47,494
Total deferred inflows of resources	375,370	114,284	489,654
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	42,112,641	14,895,158	57,007,799
Restricted	7,789,610	-	7,789,610
Unrestricted	(15,180,254)	3,665,158	(11,515,096)
Total net position	\$ 34,721,997	\$ 18,560,316	\$ 53,282,313

City of Lindsay Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues							
					Operating		Capital			
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions			Total
Primary Government:	."									
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$	2,083,621	\$	7,000	\$	331,616	\$	33,037	\$	371,653
Public Safety		3,328,374		118,136		399,458		-		517,594
Parks and recreation		197,070		9,868		-		32,297		42,165
Public works		679,282		-		-		-		-
Streets and transportation		619,672		-		-		2,345,407		2,345,407
Community development		783,429		181,101		-		-		181,101
Interest on long-term debt		146,687		-				-		-
Total governmental activities		7,838,135		316,105		731,074		2,410,741		3,457,920
Business-type activities:										
Water Fund		1,867,146		1,582,733		-		-		1,582,733
Sewer Fund		1,393,540		1,581,153		-		-		1,581,153
Refuse Fund		1,037,109		1,123,975		-		-		1,123,975
Wellness Center Fund		1,009,990		299,963				-		299,963
Total business-type activities		5,307,785		4,587,824		_				4,587,824
Total primary government	\$	13,145,920	\$	4,903,929	\$	731,074	\$	2,410,741	\$	8,045,744

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		vernmental		siness-Type			
Functions/Programs		Activities		Activities	Total		
Primary Government:							
Governmental activities:							
General Government	\$	(1,711,968)	\$	-	\$	(1,711,968)	
Public Safety		(2,810,780)		-		(2,810,780)	
Parks and recreation		(154,905)		-		(154,905)	
Public works		(679,282)		-		(679,282)	
Streets and transportation		1,725,735		-		1,725,735	
Community development		(602,328)		-		(602,328)	
Interest on long-term debt		(146,687)		_		(146,687)	
Total governmental activities		(4,380,215)				(4,380,215)	
Business-type activities:							
Water Fund		-		(284,413)		(284,413)	
Sewer Fund		-		187,613		187,613	
Refuse Fund		-		86,866		86,866	
Wellness Center Fund				(710,027)		(710,027)	
Total business-type activities				(719,961)		(719,961)	
Total primary government	\$	(4,380,215)	\$	(719,961)	\$	(5,100,176)	
General Revenues and transfers:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes		486,443		-		486,443	
Sales taxes		1,288,539		-		1,288,539	
Measure O taxes		1,540,556		-		1,540,556	
Utilities users' tax		958,392		-		958,392	
Other taxes		1,952,309		-		1,952,309	
Other income		195,283		285,850		481,133	
Unrestricted investments earnings		20,108		2,787		22,895	
Transfers		(244,457)		244,457		-	
Total general revenues and transfers		6,197,173		533,094		6,730,267	
Change in net position		1,816,958		(186,867)		1,630,091	
Net position - beginning of year, as restated		32,905,039		18,747,183		51,652,222	
Net position - end of year	\$	34,721,997	\$	18,560,316	\$	53,282,313	

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

 $Fiduciary\ Fund\ Financial\ Statements$

City of Lindsay Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		M	ajor Funds							
		Street		Local		Non-Major		Total		
	General		Improvement		Transportation		Governmental		Governmental	
	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds		
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,108,885	\$	1,348,063	\$	2,806,424	\$	1,289,225	\$	8,552,597	
Accounts receivable, net	252,026		146,231		-		96,177		494,434	
Due from other funds	73,045		-		-		-		73,045	
Due from other governments	665,939		-		194,213		202,289		1,062,441	
Notes receivable	-		-		-		72,724		72,724	
Advances to other funds	-		1,557,120		-		125,000		1,682,120	
Total assets	\$ 4,099,895	\$	3,051,414	\$	3,000,637	\$	1,785,415	\$	11,937,361	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts and other payables	\$ 20,054	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,054	
Accrued wages	213,127		-		2,632		12,952		228,711	
Due to other funds	-		-		-		32,272		32,272	
Advances from other funds	6,332,305		-		-		-		6,332,305	
Refundable deposits	1,350		-		-		-		1,350	
Total liabilities	6,566,836				2,632		45,224		6,614,692	
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue	 				-		32,297		32,297	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 						32,297		32,297	
Fund Balances:										
Restricted	-		3,051,414		2,998,005		1,740,191		7,789,610	
Unassigned	(2,466,941)						(32,297)		(2,499,238)	
Total fund balances	(2,466,941)		3,051,414		2,998,005		1,707,894		5,290,372	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,099,895	\$	3,051,414	\$	3,000,637	\$	1,785,415	\$	11,937,361	

City of Lindsay

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position were different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following: Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net Unavailable revenue recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. 32,297 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability (7,469,660) Net OPEB liability (1,656,347) Long term liabilities - due within one year (49,140) Long term liabilities - due within one year (7,039,807)	Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,290,372
reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows: Non-depreciable Depreciable, net Unavailable revenue recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. 32,297 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability (7,469,660) Net OPEB liability (1,656,347) Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)		
Depreciable, net Unavailable revenue recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. 32,297 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability (7,469,660) Net OPEB liability (1,656,347) Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)		
Unavailable revenue recorded in the fund financial statements resulting from activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. 32,297 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability (7,469,660) Net OPEB liability (1,656,347) Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)	Non-depreciable	2,934,112
were earned but funds were not available are reclassified as revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. 32,297 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)	Depreciable, net	41,842,539
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)	ŭ	
was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (44,795) In the Government-Wide Financial Statement certain differences between actuarial estimates and actual results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. 1,382,426 Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)	Statements.	32,297
results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the governmental funds no transactions are recorded. Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)		(44,795)
the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)	results for pension and OPEB are deferred and amortized over a period of time, however, in the	1,382,426
Net OPEB liability (1,656,347) Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)		
Long term liabilities - due within one year (549,140)	Net pension liability	(7,469,660)
	•	, ,
Long term liabilities - due in more than one year $(7,039,807)$	•	, ,
	Long term liabilities - due in more than one year	 (7,039,807)
Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 34,721,997	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 34,721,997

City of Lindsay Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

			Maj	or Funds						
	-		Street Improvement			Local	Non-Major			Total
	Gener	al			Transportation		Governmental		Governmental	
	Func	1		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
REVENUES:										
Property taxes	\$ 48	66,443	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	486,443
Sales taxes	1,28	8,539		-		-		-		1,288,539
Measure O taxes	1,54	0,556		-		-		-		1,540,556
Utilities users' taxes	95	8,392		-		-		-		958,392
Other taxes	1,88	3,228		-		-		64,256		1,947,484
Street improvement program		-		919,068		-		-		919,068
Licenses and permits	26	3,093		-		-		2,600		265,693
Intergovernmental	36	8,984		-		915,826		682,657		1,967,467
Charges for services		6,470		-		-		95,011		101,481
Fees and fines	17	4,632		-		-		205		174,837
Interest revenue		5,418		2,442		5,562		6,682		20,104
Other revenues	19	7,189						-		197,189
Total revenues	7,17	2,944		921,510		921,388		851,411		9,867,253
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government	1,04	6,541		-		-		47,025		1,093,566
Public safety	2,97	8,735		-		-		-		2,978,735
Parks and recreation	16	1,411		-		-		51		161,462
Public works	58	6,053		-		-		-		586,053
Streets and transportation	30	6,680		-		36,850		276,142		619,672
Community development	7	8,197		-		-		32,297		110,494
Debt service:										
Principal	27	7,868		49,861		82,668		-		410,397
Interest and administrative charges	10	5,221		-		37,985		-		143,206
Capital outlay	9	6,557		-		-		8,207		104,764
Total expenditures	5,63	7,263		49,861		157,503		363,722		6,208,349
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,53	5,681		871,649		763,885		487,689		3,658,904
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in	10	3,217		-		-		-		103,217
Transfers out	(24	4,457)		(103,217)						(347,674)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(14	1,240)		(103,217)						(244,457)
Net change in fund balances	1,39	4,441		768,432		763,885		487,689		3,414,447
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):										
D ' ' (1 1										
Beginning of year, as restated	(3,86	1,382)		2,282,982		2,234,120		1,220,205		1,875,925

City of Lindsay

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,414,447
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities were different because:	
Governmental funds reported asset acquisitions as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This was the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	39,187
Depreciation expense on capital assets was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they did not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense was not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(1,478,794)
Accrued compensated leave payable was an expenditure in governmental funds, but the accrued payable increased compensated leave liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.	(49,722)
Current year employer OPEB contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are reflected in the net OPEB liability in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. OPEB expense is recorded as incurred in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, however, OPEB expense is not recognized in the governmental funds. This is the net amount of the OPEB contribution and OPEB expense	
	(120,167)
Amortization of original issue discount Long-term debt repayments	(3,481) 410,397
Revenues that are not considered to be available are reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are recognized in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. This amount represents the change in unavailable revenues.	32,297
Current year employer pension contributions are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, however, these amounts are reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. Pension expense is recorded as incurred in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, however, pension expense is not recognized in the governmental funds. This is the net amount of the pension contribution and pension expense	(427,206)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,816,958

City of Lindsay Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund			
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and equivalents	\$ 32,560	\$ 1,092,877	\$ 246,690			
Accounts receivable, net	69,855	265,711	180,960			
Total current assets	102,415	1,358,588	427,650			
Non-current assets: Advances to other funds Capital assets:	1,906,797	2,341,466	401,922			
Construction in progress	12,198	-	-			
Land	68,377	230,143	-			
Buildings and improvements	5,104,546	6,800,531	-			
Infrastructure	10,321,559	12,896,903	-			
Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	109,967 (7,007,643)	281,592 (10,779,758)	-			
Total non-current assets	10,515,801	11,770,877	401,922			
Total assets	10,618,216	13,129,465	829,572			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,010,210	13,129,403	029,312			
Deferred outflows from pensions	212,630	120.256	26.155			
Deferred outflows from OPEB	8,697	120,356 25,909	26,155 9,201			
Total deferred outflows	221,327	146,265	35,356			
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts and other payables	-	-	219,158			
Accrued wages	26,336	14,454	3,918			
Accrued interest	29,407	85,891	-			
Due to other funds	40,773	-	-			
Refundable deposits	11,184	- (070	2 127			
Compensated absences payable - current portion Bonds and other long-term debt - current portion	9,103 59,462	6,079 186,255	2,137			
Total current liabilities	176,265	292,679	225,213			
Non-current liabilities:	-,					
Total OPEB liability	237,470	142,880	39,444			
Net pension liability	1,075,641	608,847	132,312			
Compensated absences payable	18,207	12,158	4,274			
Bonds and other long-term debt	1,492,911	7,271,725	-			
Total non-current liabilities	2,824,229	8,035,610	176,030			
Total liabilities	3,000,494	8,328,289	401,243			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows from pensions	48,815	27,631	6,005			
Deferred inflows from OPEB	4,478	3,645	1,294			
Total deferred inflows of resources	53,293	31,276	7,299			
NET POSITION			· ·			
Net investment in capital assets	7,056,631	1,971,431	-			
Unrestricted	729,125	2,944,734	456,386			
Total net position	\$ 7,785,756	\$ 4,916,165	\$ 456,386			

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements

- 1	Wellness Center Fund	Total Proprietary Funds		
	Tunu		Tunus	
\$	53,390 23,207	\$	1,425,517 539,733	
	76,597		1,965,250	
	-		4,650,185	
	181,326 8,631,783 824,260 48,571 (1,930,090)		12,198 479,846 20,536,860 24,042,722 440,130 (19,717,491)	
	7,755,850		30,444,450	
	7,832,447		32,409,700	
	90,272 12,047		449,413 55,854	
	102,319		505,267	
	23,593 39,050 - - 5,778 51,117		219,158 68,301 154,348 40,773 11,184 23,097 296,834	
	119,538		813,695	
	84,949 456,660 11,557 1,837,637 2,390,803		504,743 2,273,460 46,196 10,602,273 13,426,672	
	2,510,341		14,240,367	
	20,724 1,692 22,416		103,175 11,109 114,284	
	5,867,096 (465,087)		14,895,158 3,665,158	
\$	5,402,009	\$	18,560,316	

City of Lindsay Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Refuse Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Service fees \$ 1,582,583 \$ 1,581,153 \$	1,119,735
Other revenues 150 -	4,240
Total operating revenues 1,582,733 1,581,153	1,123,975
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries 297,813 185,857	41,825
Benefits 318,813 169,917	36,243
Materials, services, and supplies 900,187 465,994	959,041
Depreciation and amortization 299,141 406,202	
Total operating expenses 1,815,954 1,227,970	1,037,109
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (233,221) 353,183	86,866
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Intergovernmental	-
Other income 42 -	778
Interest earnings (40) 2,126	568
Interest expense (51,192) (165,570)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (51,190) (163,444)	1,346
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Transfers in	_
Total transfers	<u>-</u>
Change in net position (284,411) 189,739	88,212
NET POSITION:	
Beginning of year, as restated 8,070,167 4,726,426	368,174
End of year \$ 7,785,756 \$ 4,916,165 \$	456,386

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Wellness		Total			
Center		Proprietary			
Fund		Funds			
\$ 299,	963	\$	4,583,434		
			4,390		
299,	963		4,587,824		
215,	109		740,604		
134,	836		659,809		
385,			2,710,642		
193,	522		898,865		
928,	887		5,009,920		
(628,	924)		(422,096)		
285,	000		285,000		
	30		850		
	133		2,787		
(81,	103)		(297,865)		
204,	060		(9,228)		
244,	457		244,457		
244,	457		244,457		
(180,	407)		(186,867)		
5,582,	416		18,747,183		
\$ 5,402,	009	\$	18,560,316		

City of Lindsay Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Funds					
			Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash receipts from customers	\$	1,743,069	\$	1,474,786	\$	1,039,737
Payments to employees		(521,644)		(304,883)		(66,262)
Payments to suppliers	_	(955,860)		(489,815)		(893,581)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		265,565		680,088		79,894
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating grants		-		-		-
Other cash inflows		2		2,126		1,346
Transfers in						
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		2		2,126		1,346
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchase of capital assets		(123,133)		-		-
Interest paid on long-term debt		(52,284)		(168,805)		-
Principal payments on long-term debt		(57,590)		(180,288)		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(233,007)		(349,093)		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		32,560		333,121		81,240
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of year		_		759,756		165,450
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - End of year	\$	32,560	\$	1,092,877	\$	246,690
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(233,221)	\$	353,183	\$	86,866
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		200 4 44		407.000		
Depreciation expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities:		299,141		406,202		-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		157,022		(106,367)		(84,238)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - deferred pension		(46,908)		(10,331)		(1,185)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources - deferred OPEB		(804)		(7,434)		(4,236)
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables		(55,673)		(23,821)		65,460
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages		6,023		4,673		1,795
Increase (decrease) in refundable deposits		3,314		-		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		6,629		3,978		1,326
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		21,428		13,773		4,748
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		95,193		40,711		9,060
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - deferred pension		13,235		4,441		(307)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources - deferred OPEB		186		1,080		605
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	265,565	\$	680,088	\$	79,894

	ellness	Total
C	Center	Proprietary
	Fund	 Funds
\$	321,376	\$ 4,578,968
	(303,424)	(1,196,213)
	(389,537)	(2,728,793)
	(371,585)	653,962
	285,000	285,000
	163	3,637
	244,457	 244,457
	529,620	533,094
	-	(123,133)
	(83,231)	(304,320)
	(49,033)	 (286,911)
	(132,264)	(714,364)
	25,771	472,692
	27,619	 952,825
\$	53,390	\$ 1,425,517
\$	(628,924)	\$ (422,096)
	193,522	898,865
	21,413	(12,170)
	(63,883)	(122,307)
	(704)	(13,178)
	(4,117)	(18,151)
	10,667	23,158
	-	3,314
	4,641	16,574
	5,682	45,631
	80,504	225,468
	9,497 117	26,866 1,988
\$	(371,585)	\$ 653,962

City of Lindsay Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Deficit) Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2021

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		*		*		 Custodial Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable	\$	710,970 834,516	\$ 91,523 12,236,636				
Total assets		1,545,486	 12,328,159				
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		750	(795)				
Accrued interest payable	178,273		178,273		-		
Long-term debt:							
Due within one year		465,000	-				
Due in more than one year		10,545,000	-				
Total liabilities		11,189,023	(795)				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred gain on refunding of debt		268,258	-				
Total deferred inflows of resources	268,258		268,258		 -		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)							
Restricted for HCD		-	12,328,954				
Net position (deficit) held in trust		(9,911,795)	-				
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(9,911,795)	\$ 12,328,954				

City of Lindsay Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the year ended June 30, 2021

ADDITIONS:	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		 Custodial Fund
Redevelopment Agency Property Tax Trust Fund	\$ 1,10	08,876	\$ -
Loan interest	3	30,770	17,171
Other income		6,971	-
Total additions	1,146,617		17,171
DEDUCTIONS:			
Administrative expenses	3	34,756	-
Interest on long-term debt	33	32,852	-
Program income disbursements to HCD			606,492
Total Deductions	36	67,608	606,492
Change in net position	77	79,009	(589,321)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):			
Beginning of year, as restated	(10,69	90,804)	12,918,275
End of year	\$ (9,91	11,795)	\$ 12,328,954

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Lindsay, California (City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Lindsay incorporated in 1910, as a general law city of the State of California, and reclassified to a Charter City January 8, 1996, filed with the State of California in April 1996. Lindsay is located in the middle of the state in the Central San Joaquin Valley. The Central Valley is considered to be a national and world leader in the agricultural industry, with dairy, citrus, and deciduous crops the primary commodity around the Lindsay area. The City of Lindsay currently occupies an incorporated area of 2.41 square miles with an urban development boundary of 3.9 square miles and serves a population of 13,493 (2021) – an increase of 14.66% since 2010.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with its own self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses. These funds are established for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions or limitations. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. The government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary funds, as they are not available for City use.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liabilities are incurred.

Certain types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City are reported in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to/from other funds
- Advanced to/from other funds
- Transfers in/out

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that meet specific qualifications.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements, Continued

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

The City reports the following funds as major governmental funds of the City.

<u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Street Improvement Fund</u> accounts for utility fund charges for street improvement program purposes.

<u>Local Transportation Fund</u> accounts for Transportation Development Act funds for the development and support of public transportation needs.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally those received 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources that have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City are property taxes, taxpayer-assessed tax revenues (sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, franchise taxes, etc.), grant revenues and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, Continued

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which a liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the Water, Sewer, Refuse, and Wellness Center Funds as major enterprise funds of the City.

Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution system.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> accounts for the activities of the sewage pumping stations, treatment plant, and laboratory.

Refuse Fund accounts for the activities of the refuse collection and recycling.

Wellness Center Fund accounts for the activities of the Wellness Center and Aquatic Center.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The City has one private-purpose trust fund and a custodial fund. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for resources of all other trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments (i.e. unclaimed property/escheat property). Custodial funds account for fiduciary activities not required to be accounted for in a trust fund. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the City under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

<u>Custodial Fund</u> accounts for loans and loan repayments collected by the City on behalf of the State of California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). Loan repayments collected are distributed to HCD per the City's settlement agreement with HCD.

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except amounts held by fiscal agents. The Council invests on behalf of most funds of the City in accordance with the California State Government Code and the City's investment policy.

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value. Managed funds not listed on an established market are reported at the estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of the underlying securities.

Participant's equity in an investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is determined on an amortized cost basis. Amortized premiums and accreted discounts, accrued interest, and realized gains and losses, net of expenses, are apportioned to pool participants annually. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City had not entered into any legally binding guarantees to support the participant equity in the investment pool.

The City pools cash resources from all funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and other investments for varying terms.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Disclosures (Amendment of GASB No. 3)*, certain disclosure requirements for Deposits and Investment Risks were made in the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - o Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end, and other disclosures.

C. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments, Continued

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California entitled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pooled funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to the change in interest rates.

Cash equivalents are considered amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City and are presented as "Cash and Investments" in the accompanying Basic Financial Statements.

For the purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the City considers all pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash and investments and restricted cash and investments) held by the City as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The City also considers all non-pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash with fiscal agent and restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent) as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash equivalents defined above.

D. Inventory and Prepaids

Governmental funds inventories are valued at average cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Business-type funds inventories are stated at cost using the FIFO method and consist of expendable materials and supplies.

Any payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventory in proprietary funds is comprised of supplies for resale and are slated at the lower of cost or market on a FIFO basis.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$15,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	50
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Vehicle	5
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	5

F. Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements from federal and state projects and programs received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

G. Compensated Absences

Accumulated vested unpaid employee vacation and compensatory time-off benefits are recognized as liabilities of the City. Governmental funds recognize the current portion of the liabilities at year- end, while the non-current portion of these liabilities is recognized in the general long-term debt account group. Proprietary funds record the full liability as the vested benefits to the employees accrue.

Sick leave benefits are accumulated without limit for each employee. The employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the City since payment of such benefits is not probable. Therefore, sick leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period that the sick leave is taken.

H. Long-Term Debt

Government-Wide Financial Statements – Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities.

Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

Fund Financial Statements – The governmental fund financial statements do not present long-term debt. As such, long-term debt is shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements use the same principles as those used in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

I. Self-Insurance

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The purpose of this group is to minimize liability and workers' compensation expenses for cities in the central San Joaquin Valley. CSJVRMA provides statutory coverage for the City's workers' compensation risks. The City retains liability risks up to \$25,000 and shares risk with the pool to \$10,000,000.

J. Property Taxes

Tulare County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions. Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and March 1. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. Property taxes are accounted for in the General Fund and the Private-Purpose Trust Fund (formally the City's Redevelopment Agency). Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities.

The City is permitted by Article XIIIA of the State of California Constitution (Proposition 13) to levy a maximum tax of 1% of assessed value, plus other increases as approved by the voters.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position (balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position (balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

M. Net Position

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments.

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

M. Net Position, Continued

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position" as defined above.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

N. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

Nonspendable - Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required either legally or contractually to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using the City's highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts the City *intends* to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the City at either the highest level of decision-making authority or by an official or body to which the City delegates the authority. This is also the classification for residual funds in the City's special revenue funds.

<u>Unassigned</u> - The residual classification for the City's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The City establishes and modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or policy. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget as a designation or commitment of the fund, such as approved construction contracts. Assigned fund balance is established by the City through adoption or amendment of the budget or future year budget plan as intended for a specific purpose.

N. Fund Balance, Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by the unrestricted committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The City believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the City to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the City needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the City and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The City strives to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund sufficient to cover approximately 6 months of working capital at the close of each fiscal year, which exceeds the recommended level (approximately 60 days working capital) promulgated by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). However, as of June 30, 2021, the City had a deficit fund balance in its General Fund.

O. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Other Post Employment Health Care Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Basic Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

R. New Pronouncements

In 2021, the City adopted the following new accounting standards to conform to the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements:

- Says Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the dentification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local government. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The City reclassified funds previously reported as governmental funds to custodial funds, as a result of implementation of this statement.
- ➤ GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interest The objective of this statement is to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if the government's holding of the equity meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. There was no impact on net position as a result of implementation of this statement.
- ASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates The objective of this statement is to address the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the elimination of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) that is notably used in most agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. There was no impact on net position as a result of implementation of this statement.

R. New Pronouncements, Continued

- ➤ GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 The objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. There was no impact on net position as a result of implementation of this statement.
- SASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* The objective of this statement is to address references in authoritative literature to the term *comprehensive annual financial report*. There was no impact on net position as a result of implementation of this statement.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

	Gove	nment-Wide Sta	tement of Net Position		F	und Financials	
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash, cash equivalents							
and investments	\$	8,552,597	\$	1,425,517	\$	802,493	\$ 10,780,607
Total	\$	8,552,597	\$	1,425,517	\$	802,493	\$ 10,780,607

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 700
Deposits with financial institution	6,279,383
Total cash on hand and deposits	 6,280,083
Local Agency Investment Fund	4,314,700
Certificates of Deposit	185,824
Total investments	4,500,524
Total City Treasury	10,780,607
Total cash and investments	\$ 10,780,607

B. Deposits

The carrying amount of the City's cash deposit was \$6,279,383 at June 30, 2021. Bank balances before reconciling items were a positive amount of \$6,659,228 at June 30, 2021. The City's cash deposit was fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The remaining amount was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name.

The California Government Code (Code) Section 53652 requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. The Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

C. Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	25%	25%
Rated Debt Security of State of California or			
California Local Agency	5 years	25%	25%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	None	10 million	10 million

Investments are stated at fair value using the aggregate method in all funds, resulting in the following investment income in all funds for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Interest income	\$ 26,365
Unrealized gain (loss) on changes in fair value of investments	 358
Total investment income (loss)	\$ 26,723

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2021, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

<u>Structured Notes</u> – are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u> – the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2021, the City had \$4,314,700 invested in LAIF, which had invested 1.77% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities as compared to 2.31% in the previous year. The LAIF fair value factor of 1.00000297 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

D. Risk Disclosures

Interest Risk: Interest rate risk is the market value fluctuation due to overall changes in the interest rates. It is mitigated by limiting the average maturity of the City's portfolio not to exceed three years.

Investments held in the City Treasury grouped by maturity date at June 30, 2021, are shown below:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)									
Investment Type	Total	1	2 Months or Less		13 - 24 Months		re than Months					
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 4,314,700	\$	4,314,700	\$	-	\$	-					
Certificates of Deposit	185,824		185,824		-							
Total	\$ 4,500,524	\$	4,500,524	\$		\$	_					

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

E. Investment Valuation

Investments (except for money market accounts, time deposits, and commercial paper) are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. *Recurring* fair value measurements, are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investment fair value measurements at June 30, 2021, are described below:

			Fair Value Measurement Using							
Investment Type	Fair Value		Le	vel 1	1	Level 2	Le	vel 3		
Investments subject to leveling:										
Certificates of Deposit	\$	185,824	\$	-	\$	185,824	\$	-		
Total		185,824	\$	-	\$	185,824	\$	_		
Investments not subject to leveling:										
Local Agency Investment Fund		4,314,700								
Total Investments	\$	4,500,524								

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Due To/From Other Funds

At June 30, 2021, the City's General Fund reported a receivable due from the other funds of \$73,045. The amount represents a short-term borrowing to cover a cash deficits in the Non-Major Governmental Funds of \$32,272 and in the Water Fund of \$40,773.

B. Transfers

The City had the following transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Transfers In											
	Wellness											
	General											
Transfers Out	Fund		Fund	Total								
General Fund	\$ _	\$	244,457	\$	244,457							
Street Improvement Fund	103,217		-		103,217							
Total	\$ 103,217	\$	244,457	\$	347,674							

Transfers to the General Fund included transfers for street improvement. Transfers from the General Fund to the Wellness Center Fund were to cover operating deficits.

C. Advances To/From Other Funds

As of June 30, 2021, the City had the following advances to/from other funds.

	Advances from other Funds					
Advances to Other Funds		General Fund				
Street Improvement Fund	\$	1,557,120				
Non-Major Gov't Funds		125,000				
Water Enterprise Fund		1,906,797				
Sewer Enterprise Fund		2,341,466				
Refuse Enterprise Fund		401,922				
Total	\$	6,332,305				

On August 26, 2021, the State Auditor issued Report 2020-804 regarding the City of Lindsay which was conducted as part of the high-risk local government agency audit program. The report recommends that by February 2022, the City should address the \$6.3 million transferred to its general fund, re-establish the loans to its restricted funds, and develop and implement a plan to fully repay those funds.

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

C. Advances To/From Other Funds, Continued

In response to the State Audit Report and in accordance with the City of Lindsay Corrective Action Plan, City staff have prepared a Formal Repayment Plan for consideration of the Lindsay City Council. This plan will record the advances to and from previously vacated at their originally vacated amounts. While the total amount remains unchanged, the amortization terms and schedules have been modified to allow the City to begin making annual payments based on priority beginning in Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

The City Council adopted Resolution 22-09 to formalize the advances and repayment schedules for funds borrowed prior to 2017.

The advances bear no interest and are expected to be repaid in the following priority: 1) Water Fund 2) Sewer Fund 3) Street Improvement Fund 4) Refuse Fund 5) Wastewater Capital Reserve Fund (included with Sewer Fund in the financial statements) 6) Storm Drain Fund (included with Sewer Fund in the financial statements) 7) Parks Fund and 8) Curb and Gutter Fund.

4. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

A. Notes Receivable

At June 30, 2021, the City's loans and notes receivable consisted of the following:

	Non-Major Governmental Funds								
	Com	nmunity	(Curb and]	Private-			
	Deve	lopment	oment Gutter		I	Purpose	Custodial		
	F	und		Fund	Tr	ust Fund		Fund	Total
Individuals 7% unsecured notes with annual principal and interest payments	\$	_	\$	3,769	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,769
Non-interest and below market rate secured notes with deferred payments of monthly principal and interest. Collateralized by									
trust deeds on improved property.		68,955				834,516		12,236,636	13,140,107
Total	\$	68,955	\$	3,769	\$	834,516	\$	12,236,636	\$ 13,143,876

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

4. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE, Continued

B. Loans Assigned to State of California Department of Housing and Community Development

The City previously used Housing and Community Development Block Grant funds to provide housing rehabilitation loans and HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) grant funds to provide first-time homebuyer assistance loans and housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. Rehabilitation loans are used to improve, rehabilitate, or replace residences. All loans were made to low and moderate income persons or landlords benefiting these same persons. As part of a settlement agreement with the State of California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), the outstanding balances of these loans were assigned to HCD, and the City is responsible for collecting and distributing loan repayments to HCD.

The City accounts for these loans in the custodial fund. This fund's primary assets consist of notes receivable from participants, which originated from U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) funds.

C. Related Party Transactions

The City has entered into various loan agreements with City employees and relatives of City employees, under its First-Time Homebuyer and Micro-Loan Programs. The various loan types provided included Deferred Payment Loans (DPL), Deferred No Interest Loans (DNIL), No Interest Loans (NIL), and Below Market Interest Rate Loans (BMIR). All of the loan types mentioned are allowed under the programs. However, as discussed in Note 6(A), some of the loans were not compliant with the programs requirements, the loans are now assigned to HCD.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows.

	J	uly 1, 2020		A 1100	D	1	Jι	ane 30, 2021
Governmental activities		Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	2,934,112	\$		\$		\$	2,934,112
Construction in progress	φ	2,934,112	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,934,112
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,934,112						2,934,112
		2,731,112						2,751,112
Capital assets, being depreciated		24 072 020						24.072.020
Buildings		26,972,939		-		-		26,972,939
Infrastructure		43,566,752		20.107		(27,000)		43,566,752
Machinery and equipment		5,970,949		39,187		(37,000)		5,973,136
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	76,510,640		39,187		(37,000)		76,512,827
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(6,549,639)		(531,210)		-		(7,080,849)
Infrastructure		(21,482,825)		(811,770)		-		(22,294,595)
Machinery and equipment		(5,196,030)		(135,814)		37,000		(5,294,844)
Total accumulated depreciation		(33,228,494)		(1,478,794)		37,000		(34,670,288)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		43,282,146		(1,439,607)		-		41,842,539
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	46,216,258	\$	(1,439,607)	\$	-	\$	44,776,651
Business-type activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	479,846	\$	-	\$	-	\$	479,846
Construction in progress		6,982		5,216		-		12,198
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		486,828		5,216		-		492,044
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings		20,536,861		-				20,536,861
Infrastructure		23,924,805		117,917		-		24,042,722
Machinery and equipment		440,129		-		-		440,129
Total capital assets, being depreciated		44,901,795		117,917		-		45,019,712
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(7,413,196)		(411,010)		_		(7,824,206)
Infrastructure		(11,152,367)		(458,942)		_		(11,611,309)
Machinery and equipment		(253,063)		(28,913)		-		(281,976)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(18,818,626)		(898,865)				(19,717,491)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		26,083,169		(780,948)				25,302,221
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	26,569,997	\$	(775,732)	\$	_	\$	25,794,265
., r		-,,		(-,)			_	-, -,

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements, Continued

Depreciation expense by program for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Governmental				
General government	\$	645,104			
Community development		672,935			
Public safety		97,495			
Public works		27,652			
Parks and recreation		35,608			
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,478,79				
	Bus	siness-Type			
Water Fund	\$	299,141			
Sewer Fund		406,202			
Wellness Center Fund		193,522			
Total depreciation expense		<u> </u>			

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021, is shown below.

		lance 1, 2020	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		De le tions		litions De le tions		tions Deletions		Balance ne 30, 2021	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities																				
Bonds: 2012 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Bond Issuance Discount	\$ 1,	095,000 (19,142)	\$	- -	\$	(130,000) 3,481	\$ 965,000 (15,661)	\$	140,000 3,481											
TotalBonds	1,	075,858				(126,519)	 949,339		143,481											
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements: Certificates of Participation (COP) 2008 USDARD Roads COP 2010 USDARD Library COP		885,454 392,956				(82,668) (20,714)	802,786 372,242		86,182 21,543											
Finance Purchase Agreement - fire truck		604,375		-		(64,732)	539,643		67,560											
Total Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:	1,	882,785		-		(168,114)	1,714,671		175,285											
TCTA settle ment liab ility Caltrans settle ment liab ility HCD settle ment liab ility	3,	681,488 299,171 790,786				(52,422) (49,861) (10,000)	629,066 249,310 3,780,786		52,422 89,360											
Compensated Absences		216,053		222,918		(173,196)	 265,775		88,592											
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7	,946,141	\$	222,918	\$	(580,112)	\$ 7,588,947	\$	549,140											

	Balance July 1, 2020			Additions		De le tions		Balance ne 30, 2021	Due Within One Year		
Business-Type Activities											
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:											
Certificates of Participation (COP)	•	1027.707	•		Φ.	(40,022)	Φ.	1000 754	Φ.	5.1.117	
2007 US DA RD Wellness Center COP	\$	1,937,787	\$	-	\$	(49,033)	\$	1,888,754	\$	5 1,117	
Revenue Bonds		4 701 174				(170 (82)		4 520 402		177. 220	
1999 USDARD Waste Water Expansion		4,701,174		-		(170,682)		4,530,492		176,229	
2000 US DA RD Water Line Project		1,609,963		-		(57,590)		1,552,373		59,462	
2004 US DA RD Waste Water Project		366,113				(9,606)		356,507		10,026	
Total Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:		8,615,037		-		(286,911)		8,328,126		296,834	
Lindsay Olive Growers Pond Closure		2,570,981		-		-		2,570,981		-	
Compensated Absences		52,719		74,305		(57,731)		69,293		23,097	
TotalBusiness-Type Activities	\$	11,238,737	\$	74,305	\$	(344,642)	\$	10,968,400	\$	319,931	

A. Governmental Activities

Revenue Bonds Payable

On November 1, 2012, the City entered into a refunding bond with US Bank National Association for refunding of the City's \$1,500,000 Mid Valley Services, Inc., promissory note dated November 19, 2009. The annual principal payments are due annually beginning on January 1, 2014. Interest ranging from 4.0% to 6.4% on the bonds is payable on January 1st and July 1st of each year, commencing on July 1, 2013. As of June 30, 2021, the balance due was \$965,000. These bonds were reclassified from business-type activities to governmental activities due to the transfer of assets and liabilities held in the McDermont Sports Complex Fund.

The annual service debt service requirements for the 2012 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follow:

Year Ended								
June 30	Р	rincipal	I	Interest	Total			
2022	\$	140,000	\$	58,863	\$	198,863		
2023		145,000		50,813		195,813		
2024		155,000		42,113		197,113		
2025		165,000		32,813		197,813		
2026		175,000		22,500		197,500		
2027		185,000		11,563		196,563		
Total	\$	965,000	\$	218,665	\$	1,183,665		

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Certificates of Participation (COP)

On October 1, 2008, the City entered into a COP with the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development Agency (USDA RD) for Tulare Road in the amount of \$1,600,000. The COP has annual principal and interest approximately \$120,000 a year at 4.5% through 2029. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the COP was \$802,786.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2008 USDA RD Roads COP are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	86,182	\$	32,247	\$	118,429
2023		89,844		28,204		118,048
2024		93,663		23,989		117,652
2025		97,643		19,595		117,238
2026		101,793		15,015		116,808
2027-2031		333,661		15,500		349,161
Total	\$	802,786	\$	134,550	\$	937,336

On May 12, 2010, the City entered into a COP with the USDA RD for the construction of the Library Project in the amount of \$750,000. The COP has annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$37,000 a year at 4.125% through 2040. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the COP was \$372,242.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2010 USDA RD Library COP are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	21,543	\$	15,355	\$	36,898
2023		22,405		14,466		36,871
2024		23,301		13,542		36,843
2025		24,233		12,581		36,814
2026		25,202		11,581		36,783
2027-2031		141,963		41,456		183,419
2032-2035		113,595		9,738		123,333
Total	\$	372,242	\$	118,719	\$	490,961

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Finance Purchase Agreement - Fire Truck

On January 25, 2018, the City entered into a master purchase agreement with PNC Equipment Finance for purchase of a fire truck. The total amount financed by the bank was approximately \$725,819 with interest rate of 4.37%. The payments will be made over a 10-year period. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the lease was \$539,643.

The annual debt service requirements for the lease are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	67,560	\$	23,582	\$	91,142
2023		70,513		20,630		91,143
2024		73,594		17,549		91,143
2025		76,810		14,332		91,142
2026		80,167		10,976		91,143
2027-2031		170,999		11,289		182,288
Total	\$	539,643	\$	98,358	\$	638,001

TCTA Settlement Liability

On April 24, 2012, the City reached a settlement with the Tulare County Transportation Authority (TCTA) in the total amount of \$1,048,443 for repayment of improperly accounted for Measure R funds. Pursuant to the settlement, the City agreed to a 21-year repayment plan. The agreement was later revised in 2019 to remove required interest payments, and require 80 installment payments of \$13,105 to be made on a quarterly basis. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the TCTA settlement liability was \$629,066.

The annual payment requirements for the agreement are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	52,422	\$	-	\$	52,422
2023		52,422		-		52,422
2024		52,422		-		52,422
2025		52,422		-		52,422
2026		52,422		-		52,422
2027-2031		262,111		-		262,111
2032-2033		104,845		-		104,845
Total	\$	629,066	\$	-	\$	629,066

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

Caltrans Settlement Liability

Caltrans provides state funding for construction projects. The City did multiple projects in the 2000's. Caltrans alleged the City did not properly account for Downtown project and the Safe Routes to School project, and it demanded repayment of approximately \$1,000,000. On October 7, 2019, the City reached a settlement with the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) in the total amount of \$349,032 for repayment of improperly accounted for funds. Pursuant to the settlement, the City agreed to a 7-year repayment plan based on the apportionment of fuel tax revenues from the State to the City, with annual payments calculated to approximately 10 percent of those fuel tax apportionments. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the Caltrans settlement liability was \$249,310.

The annual payment requirements for the agreement are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$	49,861	\$	616	\$	50,477
2023		49,861		616		50,477
2024		49,861		616		50,477
2025		49,861		616		50,477
2026		49,866		618		50,484
Total	\$	249,310	\$	3,082	\$	252,392

HCD Settlement Liability

The City provides home and business loans using grant funds from the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) department, specifically Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) and HOME Program grant funds through the California Housing and Community Development Department, a sub-division of HUD. Based on monitoring visits conducted and previous audits, the City had three distinct issues related to grant funds from HUD via HCD. These matters are discussed below.

Issue #1 Borrowing of grant funds for the City's general operations: Between 2008 and 2018, the City experienced annual deficits in its General Fund, McDermont Sports Complex Fund and the Wellness Center Fund. In order to fund the overspending, the City borrowed grant funds from HCD programs through due to/from transactions at the end of each year. This was common practice between fiscal year 2003 and fiscal year 2009, but the transactions were not reversed, compounding and confusing the actual balances. In fiscal year 2015, the City reversed the transactions and established temporary transactions. These transactions were reversed each year, but the funds were not repaid. As a result, the cash balances in the General Fund, McDermont Sports Complex Fund and the Wellness Center Fund continued to increase in the negative direction.

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

6. LONG-TERM DEBT, Continued

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

HCD Settlement Liability, Continued

In 2017, the City formally recognized the borrowing by establishing advances to/from to account for the funds due to HCD programs. City Council approved the creation of the advances with a repayment schedule via Resolution 17-44 in 2017.

In 2018, the City Council amended the repayment schedule via Resolution 18-23. The City will repay \$2,060,000 (the entire amount borrowed from HCD programs) to HCD funds from the General Fund over a 10-year period beginning December 30, 2023. The City will pay an interest rate of 0.754%, which corresponds to the rate the City received from LAIF in 2017. The City did not have permission from HCD to borrow the funds for general purposes. Current administration, once it discovered the extent of the borrowing, shared the information with HCD.

Issue #2 Home Loans to City employees and relatives of employees: Prior to May 2011, the City did not have a formal loan committee to review home and business loans thru the HCD program funding. During the administration that ended November 9, 2010, the City authorized home loans to some City employees and relatives of employees who did not qualify for the program. The following administration requested the District Attorney investigate to determine if there was criminal wrongdoing. The District Attorney found no criminal wrongdoing. The City then (1) created a loan committee to review each loan prior to funding and (2) contracted with Self Help Enterprises to manage the loan application process to ensure full transparency and program compliance. As a result, there have been no new issues. The City complies with all new related-party transactions. The City considers this matter to no longer be an issue. The reference to this past issue is contained in this disclosure note to give context to the reader.

In 2005, the City experienced a devastating freeze, which damaged the orange crops that are vital to the economy. HCD sent the City freeze relief funds, which the City used to put people to work with permission from HCD. After the City spent the money as approved by HCD, HCD reversed its permission and demanded the City repay \$900,000 in the freeze relief funds. Due to a fire that destroyed important records associated with the use of the freeze relief funds and turnover at HCD, the City does not have a complete record to demonstrate its compliance with HCD authorized uses. As discussed on pages 64 to 65, the City reached a settlement agreement with HCD addressing this issue.

On September 8, 2020, the City reached a settlement with the California Housing and Community Development Department (HCD) in the total amount of \$3,790,786 for repayment of improperly accounted for funds.

A. Governmental Activities, Continued

HCD Settlement Liability, Continued

Significant terms and conditions of the agreement are as follows:

- The City is required to make an initial payment of \$10,000 on the date of the agreement, and will make annual payments of \$89,360 until the balance outstanding on the agreement equals \$1,100,000.
- Interest on the outstanding balance will accrue at an annual rate of 9%.
- If all payments are made timely, the outstanding balance of \$1,100,000 and any accrued interest will be forgiven by HCD.
- In breach of contract (either due to failure to make payments or other), the City and HCD will meet and confer to resolve the breach, otherwise HCD will seek judicial enforcement of the agreement.
- All unspent program funds held as cash as of the date of the agreement will be remitted to HCD.
- Any program income received subsequent to the date of the agreement will be remitted to HCD.
- Any equipment acquired with program funds will be returned to HCD.
- Loans receivable related to the programs will be assigned to HCD.
- The City is temporarily barred from participating in any HCD programs for a period of five years.

As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the HCD settlement liability was \$3,780,786. \$1,100,000 is forgivable contingent on timely payments. Annual interest accrued on outstanding principal is forgivable.

The annual payment requirements for the agreement are as follows:

Year Ended			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 89,360	\$ 283,559	\$ 372,919
2023	89,360	332,228	421,588
2024	89,360	324,186	413,546
2025	89,360	316,144	405,504
2026	89,360	308,101	397,461
2027-2031	446,800	1,419,870	1,866,670
2032-2036	446,800	1,218,810	1,665,610
2037-2041	446,800	1,017,750	1,464,550
2042-2046	446,800	816,690	1,263,490
2047-2051	446,800	615,630	1,062,430
2052-2056	446,800	414,570	861,370
2057-2061	446,800	213,510	660,310
2062-2066	206,386	 31,597	237,983
	\$ 3,780,786	\$ 7,312,645	\$ 11,093,431

B. Business-Type Activities

Certification of Participation (COP)

On June 20, 2007, the City entered into a COP with USDA RD for the Wellness Center in the amount of \$1,130,689. The total amount of the COP will be \$3,000,000 if totally drawn. The Wellness Center Fund has annual principal and interest payments of approximately \$129,000 a year at 4.25% through 2048. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the COP was \$1,888,754.

The annual debt service requirements for the 2007 USDA RD Wellness Center COP are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30]	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	51,117	\$ 78,100	\$ 129,217
2023		53,289	75,835	129,124
2024		55,554	73,474	129,028
2025		57,915	71,012	128,927
2026		60,376	68,446	128,822
2027-2031		342,624	299,759	642,383
2032-2036		421,890	217,125	639,015
2037-2041		519,492	115,374	634,866
2042-2044		326,497	12,557	 339,054
Total	\$	1,888,754	\$ 1,011,682	\$ 2,900,436

Revenue Bonds Payable

On November 5, 1999, the City entered into a revenue bond with the USDA RD for the Waste Water Treatment Plant Project for \$7,000,000. The annual principal and interest payments of \$323,470 at 3.25% are through November 27, 2039. As of June 30, 2021, the balance due was \$4,530,492.

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

Revenue Bonds Payable, Continued

The annual debt service requirements for 1999 USDA RD Waste Water expansion bond are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30]	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	176,229	\$ 147,241	\$ 323,470
2023		181,956	141,514	323,470
2024		187,870	135,600	323,470
2025		193,976	129,494	323,470
2026		200,280	123,190	323,470
2027-2031		1,103,372	513,978	1,617,350
2032-2036		1,294,709	322,641	1,617,350
2037-2040		1,192,100	98,238	 1,290,338
Total	\$	4,530,492	\$ 1,611,896	\$ 6,142,388

On December 11, 2000, the City entered into a revenue bond with the USDA RD for the Water Line Project for \$2,440,000. The annual principal and interest payments of \$109,874 at 3.25% are through December 11, 2040. As of June 30, 2021, the balance due was \$1,552,373.

The annual debt service requirements for 2000 USDA RD Water Line Project bond are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30]	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	59,462	\$ 50,412	\$ 109,874
2023		61,394	48,480	109,874
2024		63,389	46,485	109,874
2025		65,449	44,425	109,874
2026		67,577	42,297	109,874
2027-2031		372,289	177,081	549,370
2032-2036		436,849	112,521	549,370
2037-2040		425,964	31,944	457,908
Total	\$	1,552,373	\$ 553,645	\$ 2,106,018

B. Business-Type Activities, Continued

Revenue Bonds Payable, Continued

On June 22, 2004, the City entered into a revenue bond with the USDA RD for the Waste Water Project for \$480,000. The annual principal and interest payments of \$25,623 at 4.375% are through June 28, 2044. As of June 30, 2021, the balance due was \$356,507.

The annual debt service requirements for 2004 USDA RD Waste Water Project are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$	10,026	\$ 15,597	\$ 25,623
2023		10,464	15,159	25,623
2024		10,922	14,701	25,623
2025		11,400	14,223	25,623
2026		11,899	13,724	25,623
2027-2031		67,773	60,342	128,115
2032-2036		83,954	44,161	128,115
2037-2041		103,998	24,117	128,115
2042-2044		46,071	2,998	49,069
Total	\$	356,507	\$ 205,022	\$ 561,529

Remediation Liability

The City's Sewer Fund is responsible for the contamination of two water basins at the City's sewer plant. The preliminary cost of the clean-up referred to as the Lindsay Olive Growers (LOG) Pond Closure liability is estimated at \$2,570,981. This amount has been accrued as of June 30, 2021. However, additional amounts might be needed in the future in order to clean up the site, and the issue will be reviewed in fiscal year 2021-22 to ascertain if any additional amounts should be accrued.

D. Compensated Leaves Payable

Employees accrue vacation, annual leave, earned time off, and holiday leave up to certain maximums, based on the employee's bargaining unit.

The City accrues the liability for compensated leave as it is earned by employees. The amount of compensated leaves payable outstanding was \$622,282 as of June 30, 2021.

The amount due within one year of \$88,592 for Governmental Activities and \$23,097 for Business-Type Activities represents the estimated amount for anticipated retirees. The City typically uses the General Fund to liquidate the liability for compensated absences for governmental funds.

7. CITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous risk pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors four rate plans (two miscellaneous and two safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employee's Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous PEPRA
Hire date	1/1/1960	1/1/2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	55 w/5 year service credit	62 w/5 year service credit
Benefit payment	2.7% Avg. highest 12 months	2.0% Avg. highest 12 months
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a % of annual salary	2.7%	2.0%
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	6.250%
Required employer contribution rates	14.194%	7.732%
Required unfunded liability payment	\$407,958	\$5,035

Benefit Provided, Continued

	Safety	Safety PEPRA
Hire date	1/1/1960	1/1/2013
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	55 w/5 year service credit	57 w/5 year service credit
Benefit payment	3.0% Avg. highest 12 months	2.7% Avg. highest 12 months
Retirement age	55	57
Monthly benefits as a % of annual salary	3.0%	2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	11.500%
Required employer contribution rates	21.746%	13.044%
Required unfunded liability payment	\$328,247	\$2,163

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are to be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Miscellaneous and safety Plan employees agreed to pay an additional three and five percentage points, respectively, towards the City's contributions to the Plan. The City has not updated its contract with CalPERS to reflect these changes, hence these payments are considered to be employer contributions.

The City's contributions to the Plan for the measurement period ended June 30, 2020 were \$922,615. Contributions to the Plan for the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$1,029,559, and are reflected as a deferred outflow of resources in the basic financial statements.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$9,743,120.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the total net pension liability of the Plan. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The City's proportionate of the net pension liability was based on the City's plan liability and asset-related information where available, and proportional allocations of individual plan amounts as of the valuation date where not available.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expenses</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>, Continued

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020 were as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.09039%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.08955%
Change - Increase (decrease)	-0.00084%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,586,805. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,029,559	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		52,665
Differences between expected and actual experience		617,230		-
Changes in employer's proportion		-		157,825
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of				
contributions		25,068		231,670
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		254,146		
Total	\$	1,926,003	\$	442,160

\$1,029,559 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 3	30,	
2022	\$	(5,513)
2023		189,233
2024		146,607
Thereafter		123,957

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality (1)	Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power
	Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class ^(a)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^(b)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(c)
Global equity	50.00 %	4.80 %	5.98 %
Fixed income	28.00	1.00	2.62
Inflation assets	0.00	0.77	1.81
Private equity	8.00	6.30	7.23
Real assets	13.00	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.00	0.00	-0.92
Total	100.00 %		

- (a) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expenses</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>, <u>Continued</u>

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,505,447
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 7.15% 9,743,120
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 8.15% 5,821,252

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021 the City reported no amount payable for outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

8. JOINT VENTURE - SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). CSJVRMA is a consortium of fifty-four (54) cities in the San Joaquin Valley, California, established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500, et seq. CSJVRMA provides risk coverage for its members through the pooling of risks and purchased insurance. This coverage extends to workers' compensation and general liability. CSJVRMA is governed by a board consisting of one board member appointed by each member agency and meets three to four times a year. The board has contracted with a management group to supervise and conduct CSJVRMA affairs.

The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

In the event of termination and after all claims have been settled, any excess or deficit will be divided among the agencies in accordance with an approved formula.

8. JOINT VENTURE - SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAM, Continued

General Liability Insurance: Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. The City is covered for the first \$1,000,000 of each general liability claim. The City has the right to receive dividends or the obligation to pay assessments based on a formula, which among other expenses, charges the City's account for liability under \$25,000. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool that provides general liability coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

Workers' Compensation: The workers' compensation program includes pooling of retained losses plus excess insurance. Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively on an annual basis to cover costs and reflect claims experience of both the individual member and the pool. The City is covered for the first \$250,000 of each workers' compensation claim through CSJVRMA. The City has the right to receive dividends or the obligation to pay assessments based on a formula, which among other expenses, charges the City's account for workers' compensation losses under \$250,000. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool that provides workers' compensation coverage from \$250,000 to \$500,000 and purchases excess insurance above the statutory limit.

There have been no significant changes in insurance coverage as compared to last year, and settlements have not exceeded coverage in each of the past three fiscal years.

9. POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City administers the City's retired employees' healthcare plan, a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The plan provides continuation of medical, dental, and vision coverage to qualifying retiring employees. City resolutions and agreements assign the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City. A separate OPEB trust account has not been established by the City for the plan.

B. Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Retiree Health Plan:

Active employees	39
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Total	42

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

9. POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN, Continued

C. Contribution

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City. The required contribution is based on a projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits determined annually by the City Council. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City contributed \$28,027 (including implicit subsidy) and zero to prefund benefits. Plan members receiving benefits contributed no amounts to the total premiums. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate OPEB liabilities for governmental funds.

D. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 2.16%, net of investment expense,

including inflation

Inflation 2.50%

Salaries Increases 2.75%, average, including inflation

Mortality (1) 2017 CalPERS Mortality Tables

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 4.00%

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%. The City's OPEB plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high quality 20-year municipal bonds, as of the valuation date.

⁽¹⁾ Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables for males or females, as appropriate, projected using a generational projection based on 100% of scale MP-2016 for years 2014-2029, 50% of MP-2016 for years 2030-2049, and 20% of MP-2016 for 2050 and thereafter.

9. POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN, Continued

F. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the OPEB plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability				
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	1,958,240			
Service cost		102,491			
Interest on the total OPEB liability		43,900			
Differences between actual and expected experience		98,985			
Changes in assumptions		(14,499)			
Benefits paid to retirees		(28,027)			
Net changes		202,850			
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	2,161,090			

G. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

1% Decrease	1.16%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,386,871
Current Discount Rate	2.16%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,161,090
•	
1% Increase	3.16%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,951,549

9. POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN, Continued

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate for the measurement period ended June 30, 2021:

1% Decrease	3.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,832,510
Current Discount Rate	4.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,161,090
1% Increase	5.00%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,560,239

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$182,635. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows sources	Of Resor	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 149,345	\$	2,012
Changes in assumptions	 187,715		45,482
Total	\$ 337,060	\$	47,494

There were no amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement date. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	_	
2022	\$	36,244
2023		36,244
2024		36,244
2025		36,244
2026		36,244
Thereafter		108,346

10. FUND BALANCE

Detailed classifications of the City's fund balances as of June 30, 2021 are stated below.

			Street			Local	N	Nonmajor	
		General	Im	provement	Tra	Transportation		vernmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total
Fund Balances:									
Restricted for:									
Road construction and maintenance	\$	-	\$	3,051,414	\$	2,972,023	\$	-	\$ 6,023,437
Community development		-				-		72,401	72,401
Curb and gutter		-		-		-		148,269	148,269
Transit		-		-		-		7,448	7,448
Park improvement		-		-		-		104,320	104,320
Special assessments		-		-		-		91,088	91,088
Gas tax		-		-		-		1,316,665	1,316,665
Unassigned		(2,466,941)		_		_		(32,297)	(2,499,238)
Total	\$	(2,466,941)	\$	3,051,414	\$	2,972,023	\$	1,707,894	\$ 5,264,390

11. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill X1 26 (the Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the City that previously had reported a redevelopment agency blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the county or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the Lindsay City Council adopted a resolution affirming that the City would serve as the successor agency to the former Lindsay Redevelopment Agency (the Agency).

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations, or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies are only to be allocated tax increment revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full.

11. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities as of February 1, 2012.

After the date of dissolution, as allowed under Section 341716(a) of the Bill, the City elected to transfer the housing assets and functions previously performed by the Agency. The remaining assets, liabilities, and activities of the dissolved Agency are reported in the Successor Agency fiduciary fund (private- purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

Successor Agency Long-Term Debt

In accordance with the provisions of the Bill and the court case, the obligations of the former redevelopment agency became vested with the funds established for the successor agency upon the date of dissolution, February 1, 2012. Tax increment revenue is pledged to fund the debts of the Successor Agency Trust subject to the reapportionment of such revenues as provided by the Bill.

Successor Agency long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Successor Agency Trust Activities	Balance at July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year	Due More than One Year
Bonds payable 2015 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond	\$11,445,000	\$ -	\$ (435,000)	\$11,010,000	\$ 465,000	\$10,545,000
Total bonds payable	11,445,000		(435,000)	11,010,000	465,000	10,545,000
Notes payable						
CalHFA - RDLP Loan	582,698		(582,698)			
Total notes payable	582,698		(582,698)			
Total Successor Agency Trust Activities	\$12,027,698	\$ -	\$ (1,017,698)	\$11,010,000	\$ 465,000	\$10,545,000

11. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

A. Tax Allocation Bonds Payable

On June 1, 2015, the Successor Agency refunded the 2005, 2007, and 2008 tax allocation bonds in the amounts of \$3,925,000, \$6,895,000, and \$3,270,000, respectively, with the refunding issue of 2015 in the amount of \$13,000,000. The bonds have principal payments each August 1 through 2037 and accrue interest at 3.0% – 5.0%, which is payable semiannually. The bonds are payable solely from pledged tax revenues allocated and paid to the Successor Agency from properties in the project area. As of June 30, 2021, the balance on the bonds was \$11,010,000.

A. Tax Allocation Bonds Payable, Continued

The annual debt service requirements for 2015 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond are as follows:

Year Ended						
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total		
2022	\$	465,000	\$ 416,231	\$	881,231	
2023		485,000	392,481		877,481	
2024		510,000	367,606		877,606	
2025	535,000		341,481		876,481	
2026		565,000	319,631		884,631	
2027-2031		3,095,000	1,310,717		4,405,717	
2032-2036		3,670,000	706,301		4,376,301	
2037-2038		1,685,000	68,100		1,753,100	
Total	\$	11,010,000	\$ 3,922,548	\$	14,932,548	

12. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The City recorded the following prior period adjustments during the year.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Governmental Activities - The restatements recorded included the following:

- Correct utility billing related receivables to remove amounts previously written off in the utility billing subledger, and correctly account for June billings that are posted in July.
- Reinstate as requested by the State of California Auditor's Office interfund advances previously written-off.
- Reclassify certain loan programs assigned to HCD as custodial funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 84.
- To reallocate pension balances based on updated allocation percentages between reporting units.

12. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS, Continued

Business-Type Activities – The restatements recorded included the following:

- Correct utility billing related receivables to remove amounts previously written off in the utility billing subledger, and correctly account for June billings that are posted in July.
- Reinstate as requested by the State of California Auditor's Office interfund advances previously written-off.

	Ne	t Position, as			Ne	t Position, as						
	Previ	ously Reported	A	Accounts		Internal				Pension		Restated at
	at J	une 30, 2020	Re	ceivable	Balances		GASB 84		GASB 84 Allocation		June 30, 2020	
Governmental Activities	\$	50,035,706	\$	42,974	\$	(4,650,185)	\$	(12,918,275)	\$	394,819	\$	32,510,220
Business-Type Activities	\$	14,435,264	\$	56,553	\$	4,650,185	\$	-	\$	(394,819)	\$	18,747,183

Fund Financial Statements

The restatements recorded in the governmental funds were to correct receivables relating to utility billing, reinstate as requested by the State of California Auditor's Office interfund advances previously written-off, segregate funds identified as restricted from the General Fund, and reclassify certain loan programs assigned to HCD as custodial funds.

	Fu	nd Balance		Ι	Net Position, as						
	Previo	ously Reported	A	ccounts	Adva	nces to/ (from)		Fund	I	Restated at	
	at J	une 30, 2020	Re	ceivable		other Funds	Rec	classification	June 30, 2020		
Governmental Funds											
General Fund	\$	3,168,406	\$	36,541	\$	(6,332,305)	\$	(734,024)	\$	(3,861,382)	
Street Improvement	\$	-	\$	3,577	\$	1,557,120	\$	722,285	\$	2,282,982	
Non-Major Funds:											
Park Improvement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	11,739	\$	101,739	
Curb and Gutter	\$	15,370	\$	2,856	\$	35,000	\$	-	\$	53,226	
Community Development*	\$	12,986,538	\$		\$	_	\$	(12,918,275)	\$	68,263	

^{*}Community Development Special Revenue Fund was reported as major fund in fiscal year 2020, however did not meet the requirements of a major fund in fiscal year 2021.

12. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS, Continued

The restatements recorded in the enterprise funds were to correct receivables relating to utility billing, reinstate as requested by the State of California Auditor's Office interfund advances previously written-off, and to reallocate pension balances based on updated allocation percentages between reporting units. .

	Net l	Position, as		Pric	Prior Period Adjustments							
	Previo	usly Reported	A	ccounts	A	dvances to]	Pension	R	lestated at		
	at Ju	ne 30, 2020	Re	eceivable	Other Funds		A	Allocation		ne 30, 2020		
Enterprise Funds												
Water Fund	\$	6,209,214	\$	164,920	\$	1,906,797	\$	(210,764)	\$	8,070,167		
Sewer Fund	\$	2,538,181	\$	(66,017)	\$	2,341,466	\$	(87,204)	\$	4,726,426		
Refuse Fund	\$	(5,098)	\$	(42,350)	\$	401,922	\$	13,700	\$	368,174		
Wellness Center Fund	\$	5,692,967	\$	-	\$		\$	(110,551)	\$	5,582,416		

The City recorded prior period adjustments to Fiduciary Funds to classify loan programs assigned to HCD as custodial funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 84.

	Net Position, as	Prior Perioc	l Adjustments	Net Position, as
	Previously Reported	Loans	Other	Restated at
	at June 30, 2020	Receivable Balances		June 30, 2020
Fiduciary Funds				
Custodial Fund	\$ -	\$ 12,875,740	\$ 42,535	\$ 12,918,275

13. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The General Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$2,466,941. The City's plan to address the deficit is described in Note 15.

The State Parks non-major governmental fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$32,297. The City expects the deficit to be resolved by reimbursement from the State.

14. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The General Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$265,222. The excess was covered by higher than anticipated revenues and savings in transfers to other funds.

The Street Improvement Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$49,861. The excess was covered by current year street improvement program revenues.

City of Lindsay Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2021

15. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the City will continue as a going concern. The City's General Fund after reinstatement of interfund loans has a deficit fund balance of \$2,466,941. In addition, the City's enterprise unrestricted net position mostly derives from the significant receivables owed by the General Fund, which are to be collected over a lengthy period. The ability of the City to continue as a going concern and meet its obligations as they become due is dependent on the City's ability to develop and implement a plan that will successfully eliminate the current deficit in the General Fund and repay amounts owed to the enterprise funds. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the City is unable to continue as a going concern.

Staff is dedicated to continuing the work needed to correct the financial position of the City, which continues to be negatively impacted by the damaging effects of operational mismanagement from decades prior. Successful tax revenue generating measures in recent years have helped to bring needed resources to the City. Additional tax revenue is expected in future years with the addition of a second retail cannabis location and the completion of a 54-unit low-income housing development. Cost studies are underway for all City fees and rates, including fees and rates for the water and sewer enterprise funds.

Staff is also working with the State Auditor's Office to follow a formal Corrective Action Plan for the City that will meet both short-term operating needs and build long term fiscal sustainability. To this end, Management has agreed to follow all recommendations made by the State Auditor and has already implemented several financial policies including policies for grant management and fund reserve levels.

The City has adopted a long-range financial plan in conformity with GFOA best practices to provide a guide for dealing with future financial matters systematically.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City was awarded \$3,220,636 in America Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) funds, and received \$1,610,318 subsequent to the end of the year on July 13, 2021. Potential uses of ARPA funds include:

- Supporting public health expenditures
- Address negative economic impacts caused by the public health emergency
- Replace lost public sector revenue
- Provide premium pay for essential workers
- Invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council is required to adopt an annual budget resolution by July 1st of each fiscal year for the General Fund, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and enterprise funds. These budgets are adopted and presented for reporting purposes on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The City did not adopt a budget for the Community Development Fund.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level. The City Council made several supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the fiscal year.

Budgeted appropriations for various governmental funds become effective each July 1. The City Council may amend the budget during the fiscal year. Appropriations generally lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended or encumbered.

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

B. Budgetary Comparision Schedule - General Fund

						riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Positive
	 Original	11110	Final		Amounts	Negative)
DEVINATIO	 - 8 -			_		
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 346,201	\$	346,201	\$	486,443	\$ 140,242
Sales taxes	979,000		979,000		1,288,539	309,539
Measure O taxes	944,000		944,000		1,540,556	596,556
Utilities users' taxes	931,526		931,526		958,392	26,866
Other taxes	1,509,553		1,509,553		1,883,228	373,675
Licenses and permits	210,614		210,614		263,093	52,479
Intergovernmental	159,785		159,785		368,984	209,199
Charges for services	9,650		9,650		6,470	(3,180)
Fees and fines	140,500		140,500		174,632	34,132
Interest revenue	560		560		5,332	4,772
Other revenues	6,800		6,800		197,189	190,389
Total revenues	5,238,189		5,238,189		7,172,858	1,934,669
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	706,795		706,795		1,046,541	(339,746)
Public safety	2,989,613		2,989,613		2,851,291	138,322
Parks and recreation	229,342		229,342		161,411	67,931
Public works	468,848		468,848		586,053	(117,205)
Streets and transportation	311,638		311,638		260,537	51,101
Community development Debt service:	126,248		126,248		78,197	48,051
Principal	215,446		215,446		277,868	(62,422)
Interest and administrative charges	110,021		110,021		105,221	4,800
Capital outlay	37,510		37,510		93,564	(56,054)
Total expenditures	5,195,461		5,195,461		5,460,683	(265,222)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	42,728		42,728		1,712,175	1,669,447
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	349,430		349,430		103,217	(246,213)
Transfers out	(540,000)		(540,000)		(244,457)	295,543
Total other financing sources (uses)	(190,570)		(190,570)		(141,240)	49,330
Net change in fund balances	\$ (147,842)	\$	(147,842)	\$	1,570,935	\$ 1,718,777
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year, as restated					(3,815,873)	
End of year				\$	(2,244,938)	

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

B. Budgetary Comparision Schedule - General Fund, Continued

Reconciliation of General Fund Budgetary Schedule to generally accepted accounting principles information presented in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund.

			Public					Total		
	General	S	afety Asset			Capital		General		
	 Fund		Forfeiture	COVID-19	OVID-19 Projects			Fund		
Total revenues	\$ 7,172,858	\$	86	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,172,944		
Total expenditures	5,460,683		-	127,444		49,136		5,637,263		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,712,175		86	(127,444)		(49,136)		1,535,681		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(141,240)		-	-		-		(141,240)		
Net change in fund balance	1,570,935		86	(127,444)		(49,136)		1,394,441		
Beginning of year, restated	(3,815,873)		30,325	 (75,834)				(3,861,382)		
End of year	\$ (2,244,938)	\$	30,411	\$ (203,278)	\$	(49,136)	\$	(2,466,941)		

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

C. Budgetary Comparision Schedule - Street Improvement Program Fund

		Budgeted	Amou	unts	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Or	iginal		Final	 Amounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES:							
Street improvement program	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 919,068	\$	919,068
Licenses and permits		3,250		3,250	-		(3,250)
Interest revenue		-		-	 2,442		2,442
Total revenues		3,250		3,250	921,510		918,260
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service: Principal		-		-	49,861		(49,861)
Total expenditures		-		-	49,861		(49,861)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,250		3,250	 871,649		868,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		_			(103,217)		(103,217)
Total other financing sources (uses)		_			(103,217)		(103,217)
Net change in fund balances	\$	3,250	\$	3,250	768,432	\$	765,182
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year, as restated					2,282,982		
End of year					\$ 3,051,414		

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING, Continued

C. Budgetary Comparision Schedule - Local Transportation Fund

						Fin	riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted Original	Amoı	Actual Amounts		Positive Negative)	
		Jriginai		Final	Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,040,424	\$	1,040,424	915,826	\$	(124,598)
Interest revenue		850		850	5,562		4,712
Total revenues		1,041,274		1,041,274	921,388		(119,886)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Streets and transportation		70,957		70,957	36,850		34,107
Debt service:		70,937		70,937	30,030		34,107
Principal		82,668		82,668	82,668		-
Interest and administrative charges		39,846		39,846	37,985		1,861
Total expenditures		193,471		193,471	157,503		35,968
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		847,803		847,803	763,885		(83,918)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out		(610,000)		(610,000)			610,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(610,000)		(610,000)			610,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	237,803	\$	237,803	763,885	\$	526,082
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):							
Beginning of year					2,234,120		
End of year					\$ 2,998,005		

2. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Last 10 Years

Fiscal year:	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement date	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.08955%	0.09039%	0.09174%	0.09245%	0.09544%	0.09928%	0.09999%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$9,743,120	\$9,262,536	\$8,840,660	\$9,168,480	\$8,258,639	\$6,814,687	\$6,216,207
Covered payroll	\$2,489,675	\$2,385,716	\$ 2,572,760	\$2,907,772	\$2,689,271	\$2,799,950	\$ 2,769,950
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	391.34%	388.25%	343.63%	315.31%	307.10%	243.39%	224.42%
Plan's share of fiduciary net position as a percentage of total net pension liability	75.10%	75.26%	75.26%	73.31%	74.06%	78.40%	79.82%

Note to Schedule

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016, and then decreased from 7.65% to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018. The CalPERS mortality assumptions were adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

B. Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years

Fiscal year:	2020	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$1,029,559	\$ 922,615	\$1,128,405	\$1,021,760	\$1,207,603	\$ 726,038	\$ 700,907
Contractually in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(1,029,559)	(922,615)	(1,128,405)	(1,021,760)	(1,207,603)	(726,038)	(700,907)
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$2,717,288	\$ 2,489,675	\$2,385,716	\$2,572,760	\$2,907,772	\$ 2,689,271	\$2,799,950
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	37.89%	37.06%	47.30%	39.71%	41.53%	27.00%	25.03%

Note to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date (for contractually

non date (for contractually							
required contribution):	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method:	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Assets valuation method:	Market Value	Market Value	Market Valu	Market Value	Market Valu	Market Value	€ 15 Year
Inflation:	2.50%	2.63%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases:	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Investment rate of return:	7.00%	7.25%	7.375%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Retirement age:	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
Mortality:	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)

⁽¹⁾ Level percent Level percentage of payroll, closed

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore there are fewer than 10 years shown.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore there are fewer than 10 years shown.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ Depending o Depending on age, service, and type of employment

^{(3) 50} for all plar 50 for all plans, with the exception of 52 for Miscellaneous PEPRA 2%@62

⁽⁴⁾ Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

3. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Fiscal Year:	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Changes in the year:				
Service cost	\$ 102,491	\$ 99,506	\$ 76,602	\$ 79,370
Interest on the total pension liability	43,900	42,590	58,378	52,405
Differences between actual and expected experience	98,985	73,023	(2,879)	1,127
Changes in assumptions	(14,499)	175,866	72,921	(52,488)
Benefits paid to retirees	(28,027)	(40,536)	(37,872)	(31,041)
Net changes	202,850	350,449	167,150	49,373
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of the year	\$ 1,958,240	\$ 1,607,791	\$ 1,440,641	\$ 1,391,268
Total OPEB Liability - end of the year	\$ 2,161,090	\$ 1,958,240	\$ 1,607,791	\$ 1,440,641
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,897,502	\$ 2,912,375	\$ 2,637,580	\$ 2,560,757
City's total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	74.58%	67.24%	60.96%	56.26%

Notes

¹⁾ The City does not accumulate assets in a trust as defined per GASB 74 or GASB 75.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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GENERAL FUND

City of Lindsay Combining Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Saf	Public ety Asset orfeiture	C	OVID-19	Capital Projects	Total General Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,325,456	\$	35,688	\$	(203,123)	\$ (49,136)	\$ 3,108,885
Accounts receivable, net	252,026		-		-	-	252,026
Due from other funds	73,045		-		-	-	73,045
Due from other governments	 665,939					-	665,939
Total assets	\$ 4,316,466	\$	35,688	\$	(203,123)	\$ (49,136)	\$ 4,099,895
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts and other payables	\$ 14,777	\$	5,277	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 20,054
Accrued wages	212,972		-		155	-	213,127
Advances from other funds	6,332,305		-		-	-	6,332,305
Refundable deposits	 1,350		_		-	-	 1,350
Total liabilities	6,561,404		5,277		155		6,566,836
Fund Balances:							
Unassigned	 (2,244,938)		30,411		(203,278)	(49,136)	(2,466,941)
Total fund balances	 (2,244,938)		30,411		(203,278)	 (49,136)	(2,466,941)
Total liabilities							
and fund balances	\$ 4,316,466	\$	35,688	\$	(203,123)	\$ (49,136)	\$ 4,099,895

City of Lindsay Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

For the ye	ear ended	June	30, 2021

		Public			Total		
	General	Safety Asset		Capital	General		
	Fund	Forfeiture	COVID-19	Projects	Fund		
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$ 486,443	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 486,443		
Sales taxes	1,288,539	-	-	-	1,288,539		
Measure O taxes	1,540,556	-	-	-	1,540,556		
Itilities users' taxes	958,392				958,392		
Other taxes	1,883,228	-	-	-	1,883,228		
icenses and permits	263,093	-	-	-	263,09		
ntergovernmental	368,984	-	-	-	368,984		
harges for services	6,470	-	-	-	6,470		
ees and fines	174,632		-	-	174,632		
nterest revenue	5,332	. 86	-	-	5,418		
other revenues	197,189				197,189		
Total revenues	7,172,858	86			7,172,944		
XPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	1,046,541		-	-	1,046,541		
Public safety	2,851,291		127,444	-	2,978,735		
Parks and recreation	161,411		-	-	161,411		
Public works	586,053	-	-	-	586,053		
Streets and transportation	260,537	-	-	46,143	306,680		
Community development	78,197	-	-	-	78,197		
ebt service:							
Principal	277,868	-	-	-	277,868		
Interest and administrative charges	105,221	-	-	-	105,221		
apital outlay	93,564	<u> </u>		2,993	96,557		
Total expenditures	5,460,683	-	127,444	49,136	5,637,263		
EVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,712,175	86	(127,444)	(49,136)	1,535,681		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
ransfers in	103,217	-	-	-	103,217		
ransfers out	(244,457		-	-	(244,457)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(141,240	<u> </u>	-		(141,240)		
Net change in fund balances	1,570,935	-	(127,444)	(49,136)	1,394,441		
	1,370,933	80	(127,444)	(49,136)	1,394,441		
UND BALANCES (DEFICITS):	<i>(c : -</i>				/a		
eginning of year, as restated	(3,815,873	30,325	(75,834)		(3,861,382)		
and of year	\$ (2,244,938	\$ 30,411	\$ (203,278)	\$ (49,136)	\$ (2,466,941)		

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Assessment Districts Fund account for the activities of the special assessment housing districts in the City. Property owners in these districts pay additional property tax to fund special landscaping and other services in the district.

Community Development Fund accounts for all financial transactions having to do with CHFA-HELP LHBP mortgage assistance loans.

Gas Tax Fund accounts for transportation funding from the State's gas tax. It includes funds for construction, maintenance, engineering, congestion relief and road rehabilitation. The City uses Gas Tax funds on streets and transportation projects.

Park ImprovementFund accounts for monies received from developers restricted for park improvements.

Transit Fund accounts for revenues from bus fare token. The City does not operate the bus system in Lindsay, but does sell bus fare tokens. Transit Funds are used in conjunction with transit projects.

State Parks Fund accounts for state grant revenues restricted for parks.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

Curb and Gutter Fund is part of Sewer Fund. It accounts for funds for some street and sidewalk repairs.

City of Lindsay Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

					Spe	ecial Revenue				
	Special Assessment Districts		Community Development		Gas Tax		Park Improvement			Transit
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$	90,825	\$	3,446	\$	1,159,812	\$	14,371	\$	7,448
Due from other governments Notes receivable		263		- 68,955		169,729		-		-
Advances to other funds Total assets	\$	91,088	\$	72,401	\$	1,329,541	\$	90,000	\$	7,448
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	ø		d.		Φ.	10.05/	d.	F-1	đ.	
Accrued wages Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,876	\$	51 -	\$	-
Total liabilities		-		-		12,876		51		-
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources		- -		<u>-</u>		-		- -		<u>-</u>
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned		91,088		72,401 -		1,316,665		104,320		7,448
Total fund balances		91,088		72,401		1,316,665		104,320		7,448
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	91,088	\$	72,401	\$	1,329,541	\$	104,371	\$	7,448

	Special Revenue		Capital Project					
	Revenue	_	TTOJECT		Total			
				Ν	Ion-Major			
	State		Curb and		vernmental			
	Parks		Gutter	Funds				
\$	_	\$	13,323	\$	1,289,225			
Ψ	_	Ψ	96,177	Ψ	96,177			
	32,297		-	202,289				
	-		3,769		72,724			
			35,000		125,000			
\$	32,297	\$	148,269	\$	1,785,415			
\$	25	\$	-	\$	12,952			
	32,272		-		32,272			
	32,297		-		45,224			
	32,297		_		32,297			
	32,297				32,297			
	32,291				32,291			
	-		148,269		1,740,191			
	(32,297)		-		(32,297)			
	(32,297)		148,269		1,707,894			
ø	22 207	ď	140 270	¢	1 705 /15			
\$	32,297	\$	148,269	\$	1,785,415			

City of Lindsay Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue									
	Special Assessment Districts		Community Development		Gas Tax		Park Improvement			Transit
REVENUES:										
Other taxes	\$	64,256	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		2,600		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		682,657		-		-
Fees and fines		-		-		-		-		205
Interest revenue		-		4,138		2,462		32		18
Total revenues		64,256		4,138		685,119		2,632		223
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
General government		47,025		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		51		-
Streets and transportation		-		-		276,142		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay						8,207				-
Total expenditures		47,025		_		284,349		51		-
Net change in fund balances		17,231		4,138		400,770		2,581		223
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):										
Beginning of year, as restated		73,857		68,263		915,895		101,739		7,225
End of year	\$	91,088	\$	72,401	\$	1,316,665	\$	104,320	\$	7,448

Special Revenue		Capital Projects					
			Total				
			N	Non-Major			
State	C	Curb and	Governmental				
Parks		Gutter		Funds			
\$ _	\$	_	\$	64,256			
-		-		2,600			
-		-		682,657			
-		_		205			
_		32	6,682				
-		95,043		851,411			
-		-		47,025			
-		-		51			
-		-	276,142				
32,297		-	32,29				
			8,207				
 32,297				363,722			
(32,297)		95,043		487,689			
-		53,226		1,220,205			
\$ (32,297)	\$	148,269	\$	1,707,894			